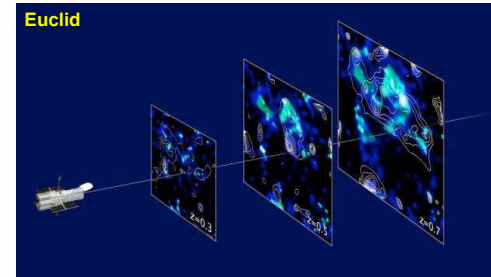
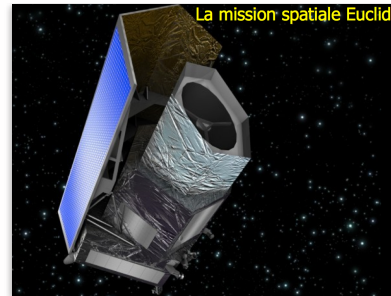


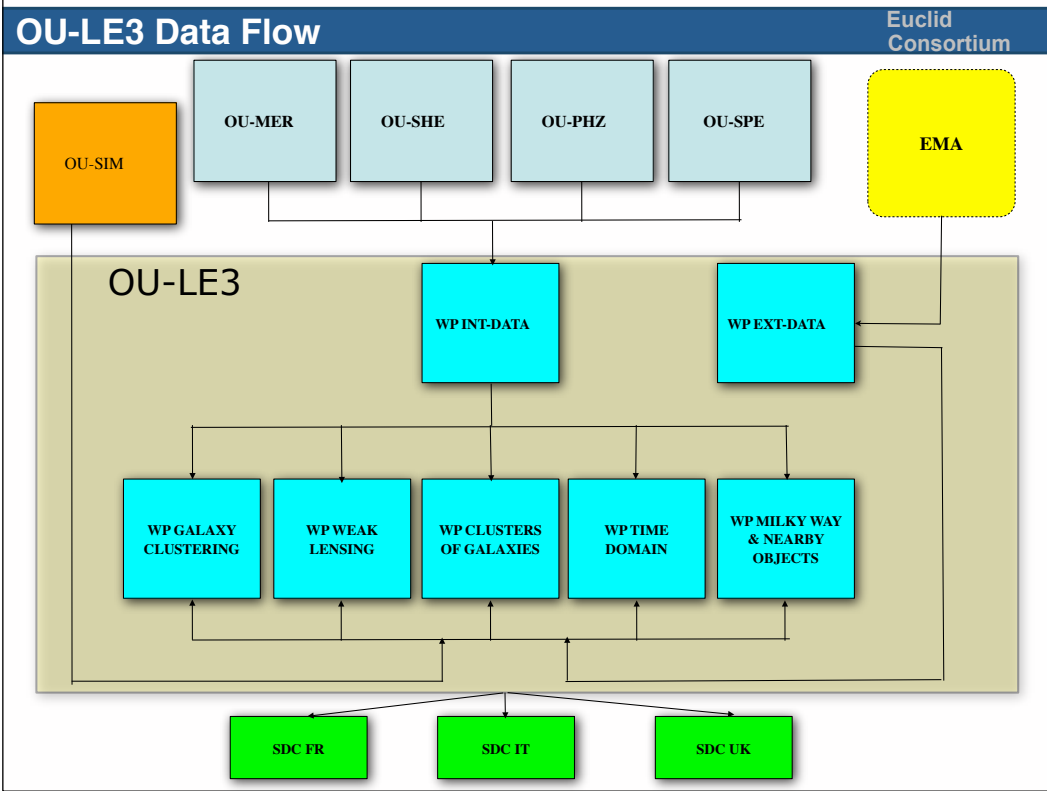
Euclid OULE3

Jean-Luc Starck
on behalf of the OULE3 team

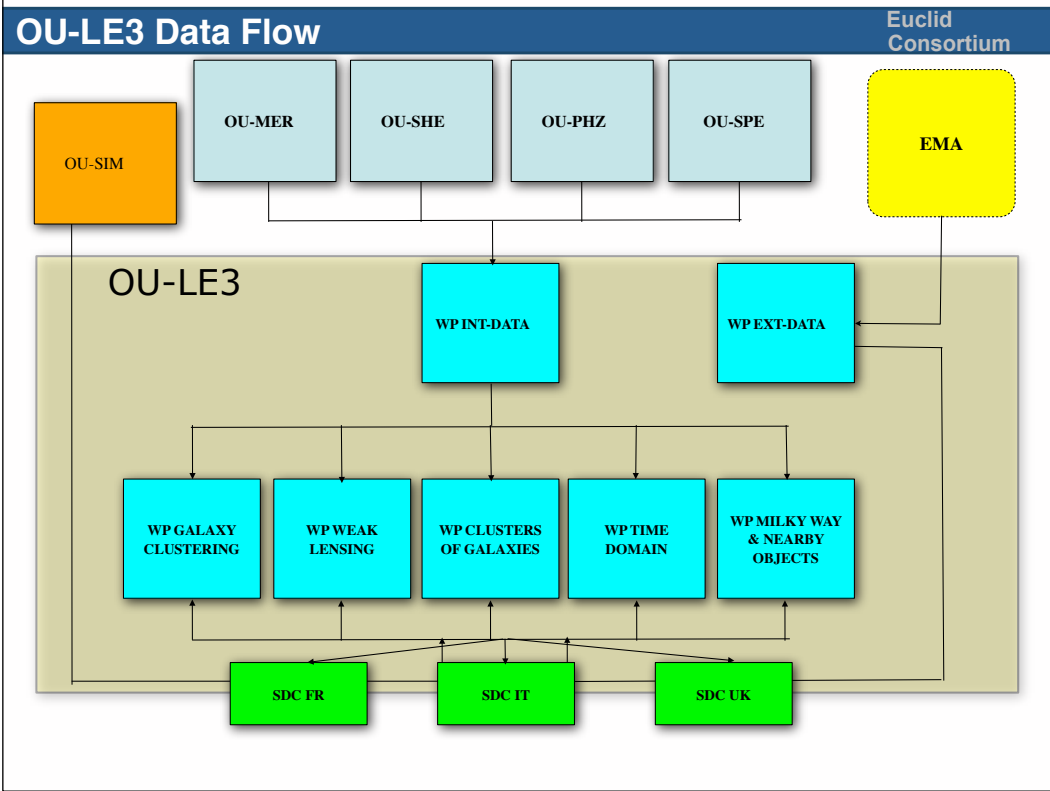


- 234 people in the mailing list
 - ~ 1/3 of them are active members
 - Organized into 7 WorkPackages, each split into
 - Implementation WP
 - Verification WP
 1. Internal Data
 2. External Data
 3. Galaxy Clustering (*)
 - 4. Clusters of Galaxies (*)**
 - 5. Weak Lensing (*)**
 6. Time Domain
 7. Milky Way and Nearby Galaxies
- (*) Big WPs with ~30-50 members: ~ same size of other OUs.....

- Meetings:
 - Regular (~monthly) teleconf between all OU-LE WP managers
 - **December 2013: Joint SWG-Cluster/LE3 meeting (Nice)**
 - February 2014: SGS OU-SWG “Garage Day” (Garching)
 - February 2014: Workshop “Agile for OU-LE3/SDC” in Trieste
 - **May 2014: LE3 meeting (Marseille)**
 - **July, September, November 2014: OG meeting (Milan, Orsay, Paris)**
 - **December 2014: Joint SWG-WL/OU-SHE/LE3 meeting (Paris)**
- SSR Documents:
 - RSD Document: V1.0 in July and V2.0 in October
 - Validation Plan Document: V1.0 in July and V2.0 in October
 - Development Plan Document: V1.0 in September and V2.0 in October
- Ongoing Activities in all WPs
 - **Code developments and comparisons**
 - **Validation**
 - **Code prototyping in relation with the SDC**



- OU activity HAS CHANGED.
- We are now supposed to deliver algorithms in Python/C++, with the "help" of SDC developers.
- It also impacts our whole organization:
 - Coding in python/C++, and validate the final code.
 - OU members have to find the *closest SDC developers*, and work closely with them.
 - Validation has to be done in several phases.



47 PFs:

Galaxy clustering: 6

Weak lensing: 9

Clusters: 15

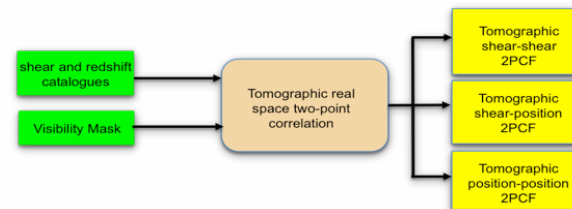
Internal data: 4

External data: 3

Time Domain: 7

Milky Way and Nearby Galaxies: 3

Example of PF (2PCF for WL)



For 31 studied PFs:

PF Status	
a1 - No requirement exists and it is premature to start any development.	10
a2 - Requirements are inaccurate to start any development (several possible implementations)	4
b1 - No Requirement exists but the benchmarking or the development can be started.	9
b2 - Requirements are inaccurate but the benchmarking or the development can be started.	7
c - Requirements exist and are accurate enough to be able to select an algorithm.	1

- Different situation in different WPs

Weak Lensing WP:

- One code, already developed, publicly available and documented: Athena (c/c++)
- Now in the process to be imported in the SDC-FR

Galaxy Clustering WP:

- Merging of different codes for 2pt CF into a single one (c++)
- Similar situation for P(k) code

Clusters of galaxies:

- 6+1 different codes being compared in a “challenge”
- Variety of languages: fortran, c/c++, IDL
- One of the in the process of being imported in the SDC-IT

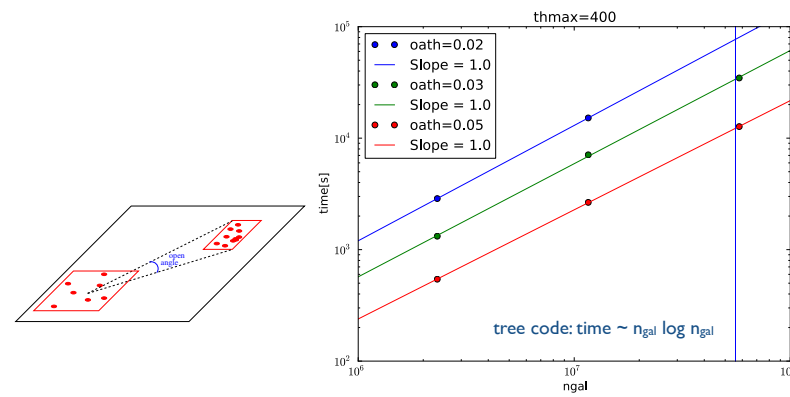
Task	Deliveries				
Name	First	Second	Third	Fourth	Further
Fully C++ compliant					
Validation software					
Performance estimation {with bottleneck identification}					
Z parallelization					
Pallas euclidization					
Test with external representative data (MICE)					
Coupling with IAL					
Mock catalog					

TIME: Apr 2015 May 2015 Nov 2015 April 2016

Code maturity level: 1A 1B 1B 2A

1 - OU code
 2 - code C++ python - conforme data model
 2a - donnees limites
 2b - niveau de representation de donnees
 3a code developpement - niveau de qualite
 3b code de production

Computing time of 2pt function (tree code; athena)

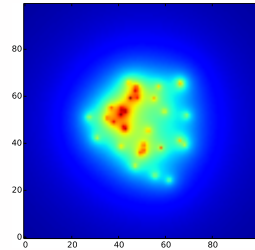


MICE simulations

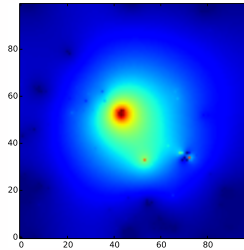
Euclid: $n_{\text{gal}} = 30 \text{ arcmin}^{-2}$.
 In one z-bin, on 5000 deg²: $N_{\text{gal}} = 55.8 \text{ Mio.}$

- Working towards a joint (SHE, LE3) weak lensing validation document that is linked to science and processing requirements
 - single reference point
 - avoid duplication of effort, and incomplete validation
 - maximise efficiency of validation tests
- Verified existing correlation function, pseudo-CI, and mass mapping codes on simple planar random field simulations.
- Building code package that will produce fast, full-sky weak lensing simulations based on random fields
 - underlying signals known exactly → ideal for verification
 - going beyond Gaussianity by using correlated lognormal fields
 - includes clustering, realistic redshift distributions, later RSDs
 - well suited to incorporate key issues like masks, blending, photometric redshift biases, etc.

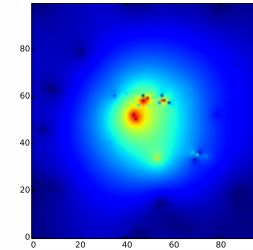
- Comparison of 2D mapping techniques for cluster studies [E. Jullo, S. Pires, M. Jauzac, J.-P. Kneib, 2014, Weak lensing galaxy cluster field reconstruction]
- Ongoing development of C++ mapping code using **individual galaxy positions, shears and flexion**.
- WL Peak Counting



Convergence simulation for a cluster with substructure



Reconstructed convergence from **shear alone**



Reconstructed convergence from **shear and flexion**

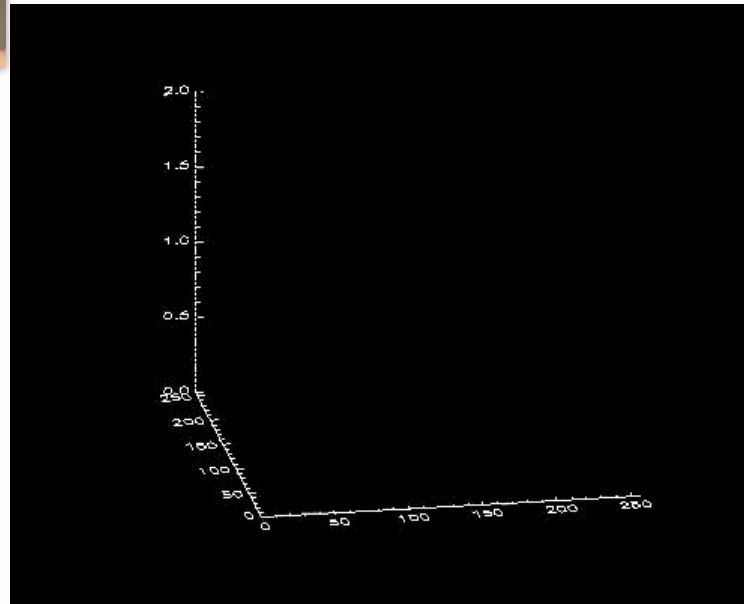
13

=> The flexion information helps to **resolve substructure**



A. Leonard, F.X. Dupe, and J.-L. Starck, "[A Compressed Sensing Approach to 3D Weak Lensing](#)", *Astronomy and Astrophysics*, 539, A85, 2012.

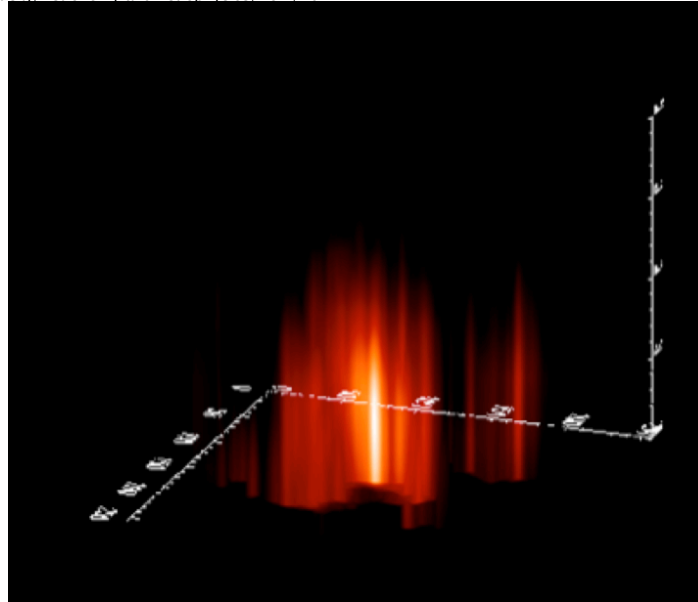
A. Leonard, F. Lanusse, J.-L. Starck, GLIMPSE: Accurate 3D weak lensing reconstruction using sparsity, *Astronomy and Astrophysics*, MNRAS, 440, 2, 2014.





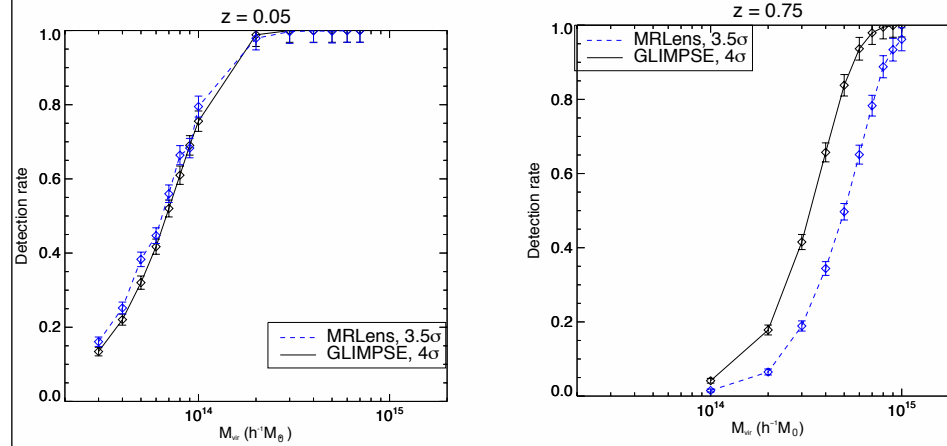
A. Leonard, F.X. Dupe, and J.-L. Starck, "[A Compressed Sensing Approach to 3D Weak Lensing](#)", *Astronomy and Astrophysics*, 539, A85, 2012.

A. Leonard, F. Lanusse, J.-L. Starck, GLIMPSE: Accurate 3D weak lensing reconstruction using sparsity. *Astronomy and Astrophysics, A&A*, 2014



2D vs 3D comparison for cluster detection

Detection fractions are equivalent between 2D (blue) and 3D (black) at low redshift (left) but at **high redshift (right) the 3D is more efficient**.



- A. Leonard, F. Lanusse, J.-L. Starck, Weak lensing reconstructions in 2D & 3D: implications for clusters studies, submitted.

Implementation:

- Good progress on all WPs.
- Cannot define/implement some algorithms without requirement.

Validation:

- Missing requirements (from the SWGs).
- Validation criteria are still missing (from the SWGs).
- This has been raised in several levels and joint meetings with the SWG have been set up.

Documentation:

- better idea of the work to be done (i.e. PF), and the validation of the algorithm.

- First integration with SDC under way (Athena code)

Athena code = WL 2PCF code in C, available on the web and used in large projects (CFHTLens)

Estimated Workforce required to achieve 2A maturity level from : 1.2 FTE

LE3 has 47 PF and less than five software developers.

- LE3 will **NOT** achieve 100% PF at 2A maturity level for the PDR:

- many requirements do not exist.

- historical LE3 activity (i.e. algorithms development/evaluation) is still required.

- Consider **carefully** the use of third party software:

- Due the lack of developers and the availability of lot of software.

- Criteria:

* Euclid scientific priority (2PCF and power spectra).

* Coding language.

* Availability and its use in the community.

* Code owners are in Euclid (software support).

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==> joint SDC-OU work before the PDR to identify for each PF if a third party software could be used.