

The logo for the Large Synoptic Survey Telescope (LSST) features the letters 'LSST' in a bold, white, sans-serif font. The letters are filled with a vibrant blue and purple galaxy, showing a bright central core and a diffuse, multi-colored structure. The background of the entire slide is a dense field of stars and galaxies in various colors and sizes.

*Large Synoptic Survey Telescope*

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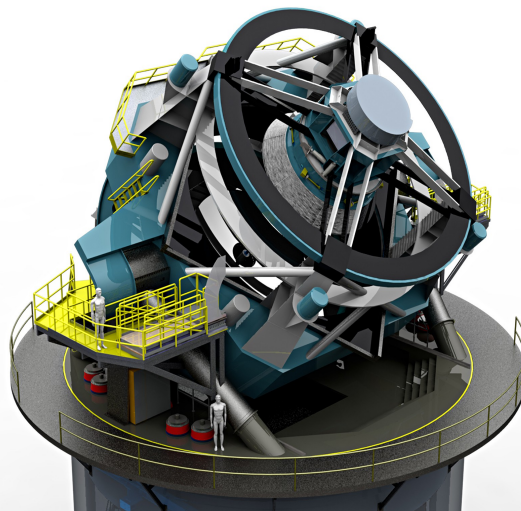
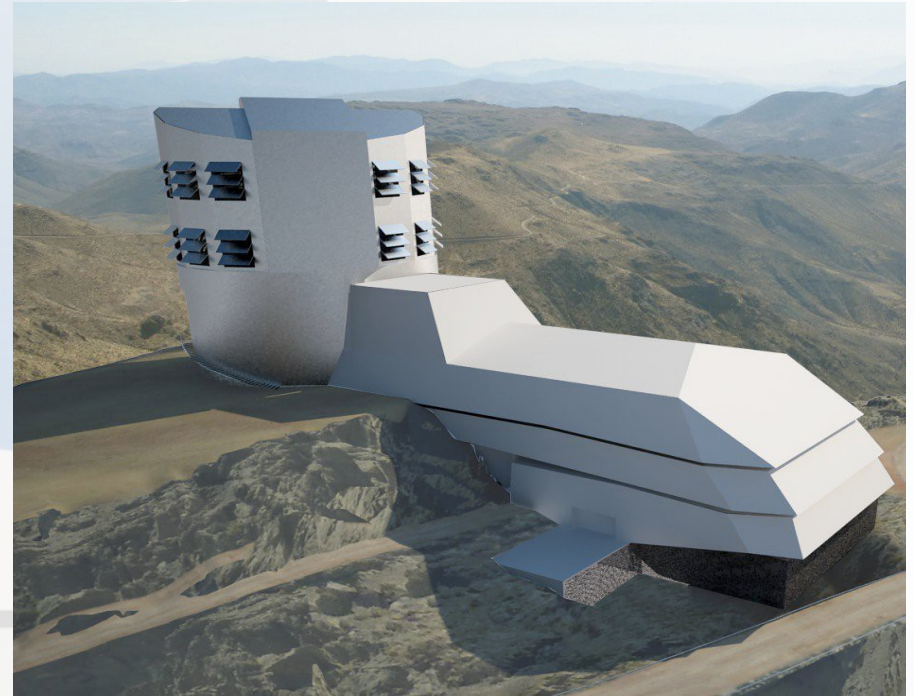
STATUS

Emmanuel Gangler – LPC – Clermont-Ferrand (France)



## In short :

- A stage-4 survey :
  - 8.4 m telescope
  - Cerro Pachon (Chili)
  - (Very) wide-field astronomy
  - $9,6^{\square}$  camera
  - 0.2 " pixel / 0.7 " seeing



- All visible sky in 6 bands (ugrizy) ( $\sim 20000^{\square}$ )
- 15 s exposure, 1 visit / 3 days
- During 10 years !
- 60 Pbytes of raw data

# LSST survey requirements

Survey Property	Performance
Main Survey Area	18000 sq. deg.
Total visits per sky patch	825
Filter set	6 filters (ugrizy) from 320 to 1050nm
Single visit	2 x 15 second exposures
Single Visit Limiting Magnitude	u = 23.9; g = 25.0; r = 24.7; l = 24.0; z = 23.3; y = 22.1
Photometric calibration	< 2% absolute, < 0.5% repeatability & colors
Median delivered image quality	~ 0.7 arcsec. FWHM
Transient processing latency	< 60 sec after last visit exposure
Data release	Full reprocessing of survey data annually
Astrometry	10 mas on single individual exposure



# The LSST consortium

## Institutional Members

Adler Planetarium  
Argonne National Laboratory  
Brookhaven National Laboratory (BNL)  
California Institute of Technology  
Carnegie Mellon University  
Chile  
Columbia University  
Cornell University  
Drexel University  
Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory  
George Mason University  
Google, Inc.  
Harvard-Smithsonian Center for Astrophysics  
Institut de Physique Nucleaire et de Physique des Particules (IN2P3)  
Johns Hopkins University  
Kavli Institute for Particle Astrophysics and Cosmology (KIPAC) - Stanford University  
Las Cumbres Observatory Global Telescope Network, Inc.  
Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory (LLNL)  
Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL)  
National Optical Astronomy Observatory\*  
National Radio Astronomy Observatory  
Northwestern University  
Princeton University  
Purdue University  
Research Corporation for Science Advancement\*  
Rutgers University  
SLAC National Accelerator Laboratory  
Space Telescope Science Institute  
Texas A & M University  
The Institute of Physics of the Academy of Sciences of the Czech Republic\*\*  
The Pennsylvania State University  
The University of Arizona\*  
University of California at Davis  
University of California at Irvine  
University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign  
University of Michigan  
University of Oxford  
University of Pennsylvania  
University of Pittsburgh  
University of Washington\*  
Vanderbilt and Fisk Universities

## LSSTc : Non-profit organization

- 41 institutions, with major US contribution
  - SLAC, UWashington, Google, ...
  - Non-US : Chilean Republic, France/IN2P3
- Expect **~900 scientists involved** (~50% US)

## Funding :

- NSF/DOE/Private donors : **~670 M\$**
- France : in kind contribution
- Others : 200000\$/PI/ 10years (covering 30% of running costs)

## In Europe

- France : **100 PI** (60-75 in kind camera, 30-45 in kind computing)
- UK : 100 PI (proposal submitted to STFC, answer expected 2015)
- Czech, Croatia, Hungaria, Poland, Serbia : 30-50 PI

## Rest of the world

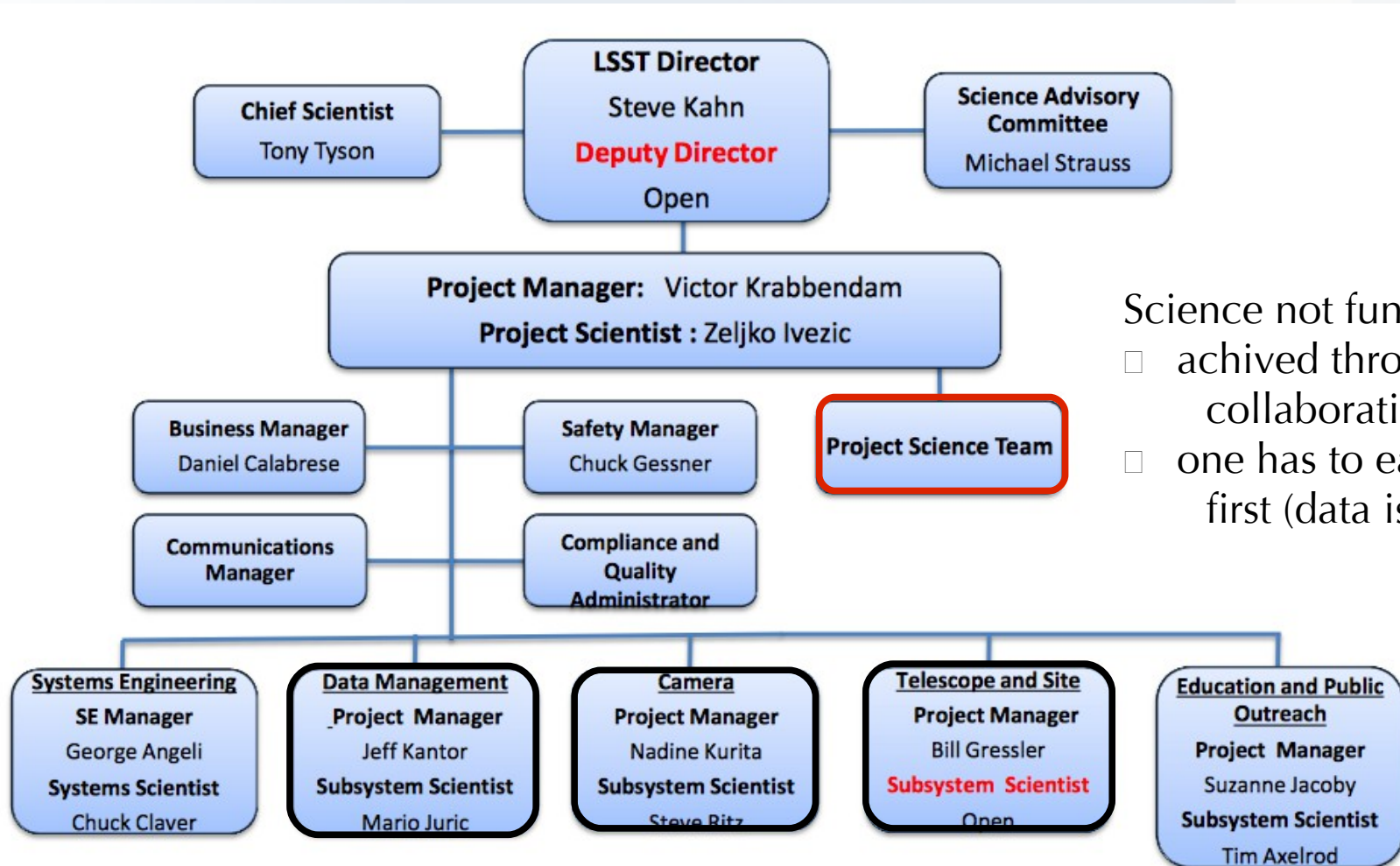
- Brazil : situation unclear, forseen in kind (network)
- Australia, China, India, New Zealand (>100 PI) MoA in discussion

The logo for LSST2014, featuring the letters 'LSST' in a stylized blue font with a white outline, followed by the year '2014' in a bold orange font.

**We are looking for partners, we are not selling data!**

( S. Kahn )

# Organization chart



- Science not funded by the project
- achieved through science collaborations
- one has to earn LSST data access first (data is « public but...»)

NSF

DOE / SLAC

NSF  
Donors



Press Release 14-095

**TAKING ASTRONOMY TO THE NEXT LEVEL**

Large Synoptic Survey Telescope gets funding to begin construction



LSST was the highest-ranked ground-based large initiative in NAS' 2010 decadal survey.  
Credit and Larger Version

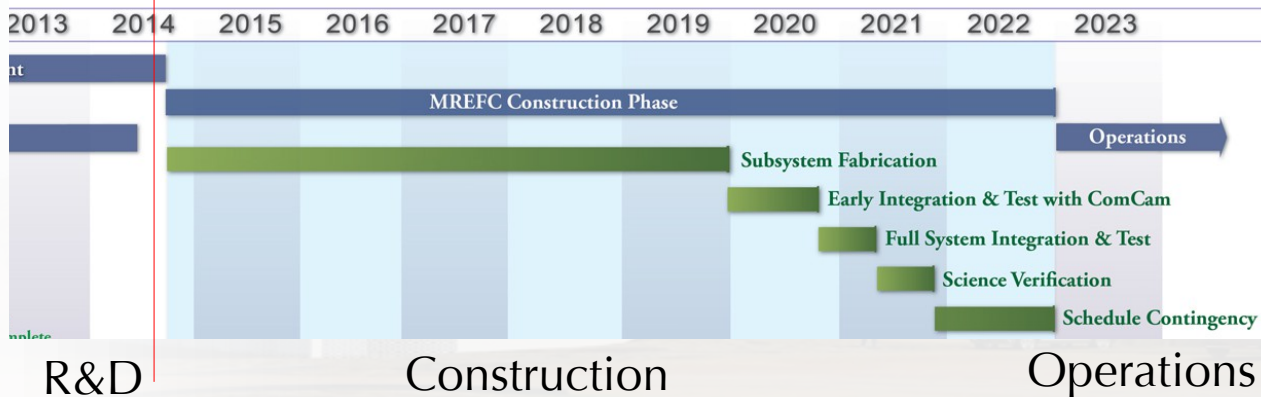
August 7, 2014

**LSST funded for construction !**

- NSF MREFC approval
- DOE CD-2 (cost and schedule)
- 49 M\$ in president's budget 2014
- 115 M\$ in president's budget 2015

**France / IN2P3**

- 9 laboratories, 46 scientists, 56 engineers
- 10% of the camera construction (MoA under signature)
- 50% of LSST computing (MoA forseen 2015)





# The Cerro Pachon site

Site ready for construction



•30 m diameter dome

•Control room and heat producing equipment

•1.2 m diameter atmospheric telescope

•1,380 m<sup>2</sup> service and maintenance facility

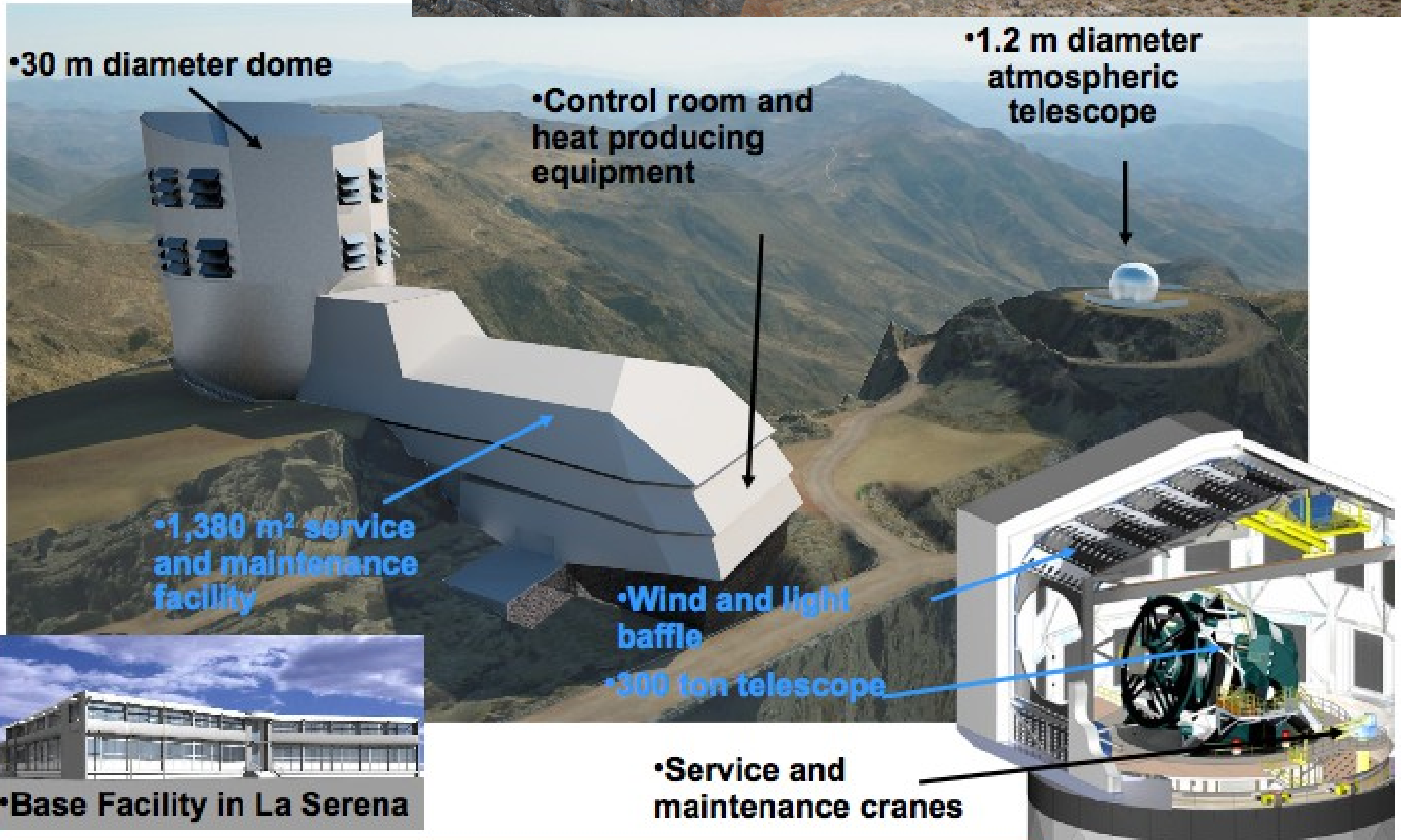
•Wind and light baffle

•300 ton telescope

•Service and maintenance cranes

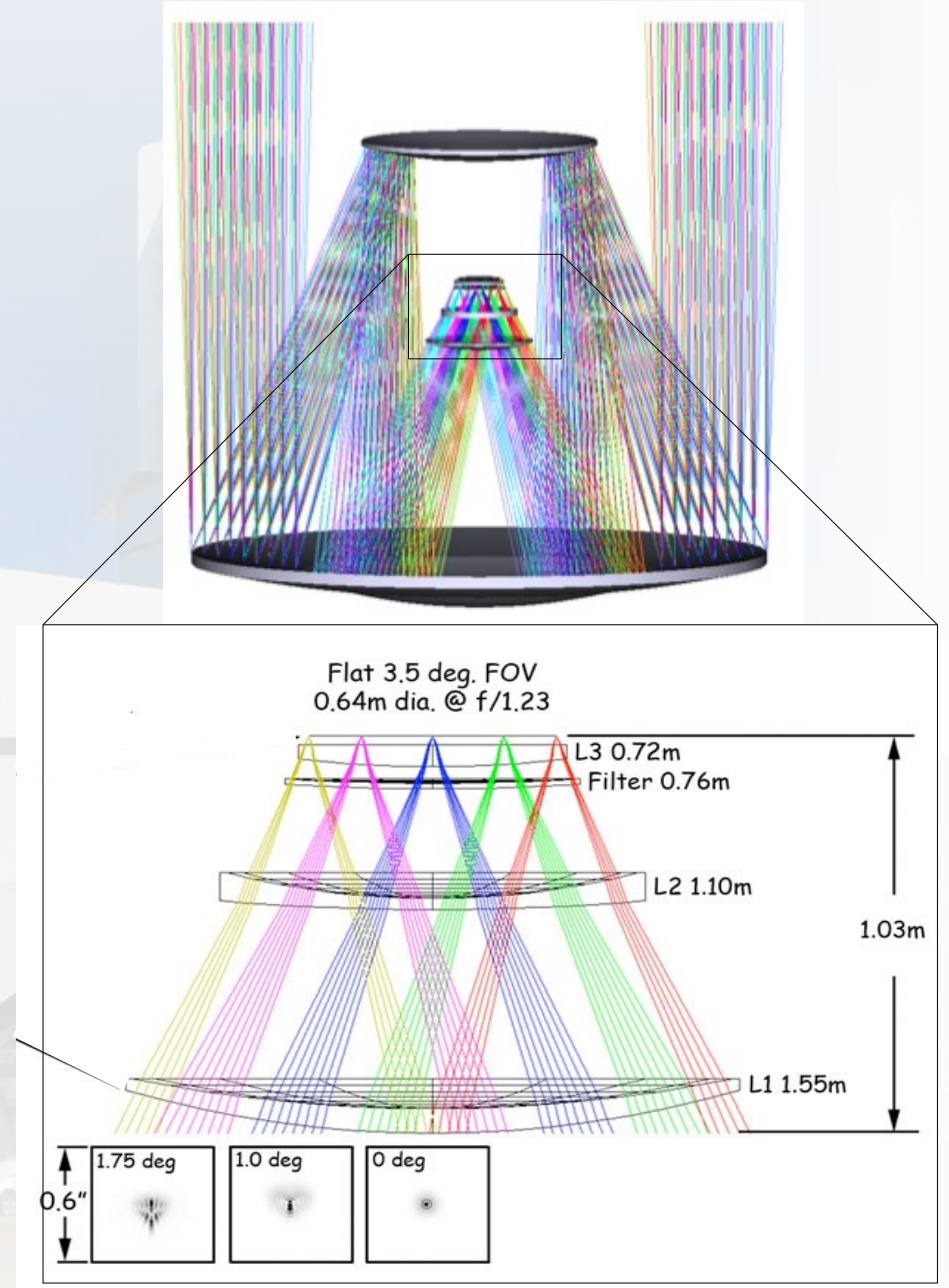


•Base Facility in La Serena



# Optical solution

- Median seeing :  $0.6''$  □  $0.2''$  pixel
- Minimum pixel size  $10\mu\text{m}$
- Plate scale □  $10.3\text{m}$  focal length
- Depth requirement : aperture  $6.5\text{m}$ 
  - focal ratio  $<1.5$
- $\text{FOV } 3.5^\circ$ 
  - $3.2$  Gpix,
  - $63\text{cm}$   $\varnothing$  focal plane
- Fast slew ( $5^\circ/\text{sec}$ ) □ Compact design



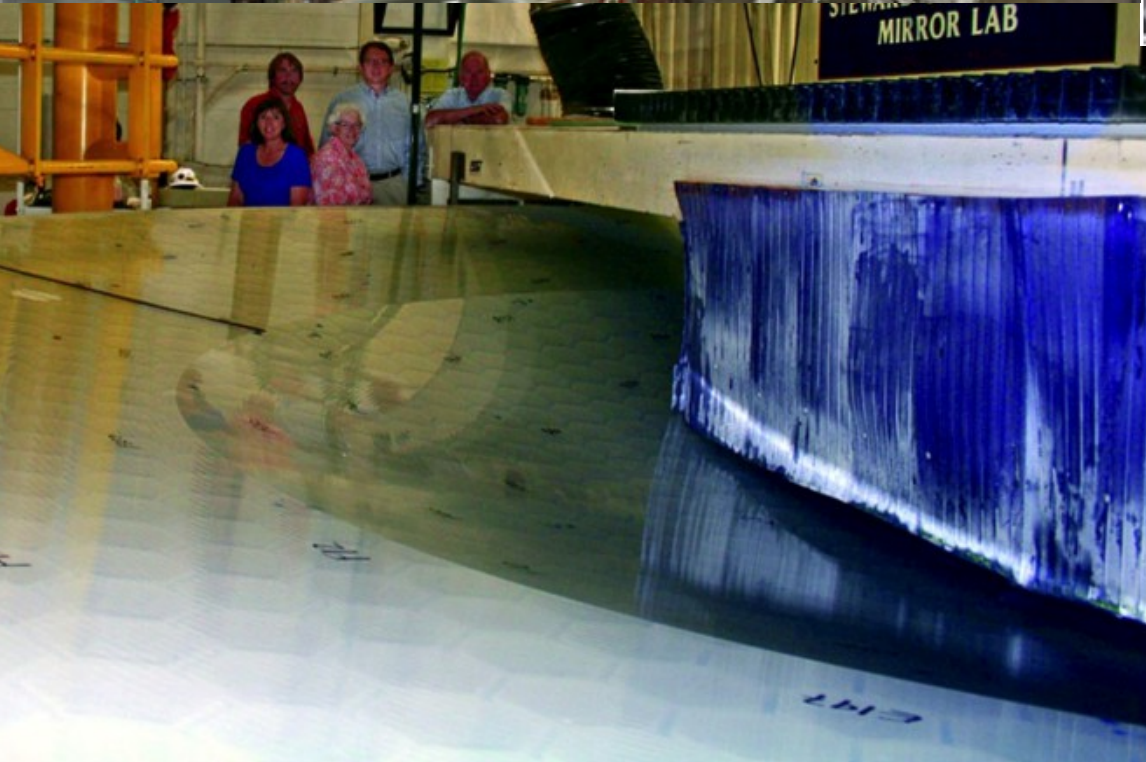
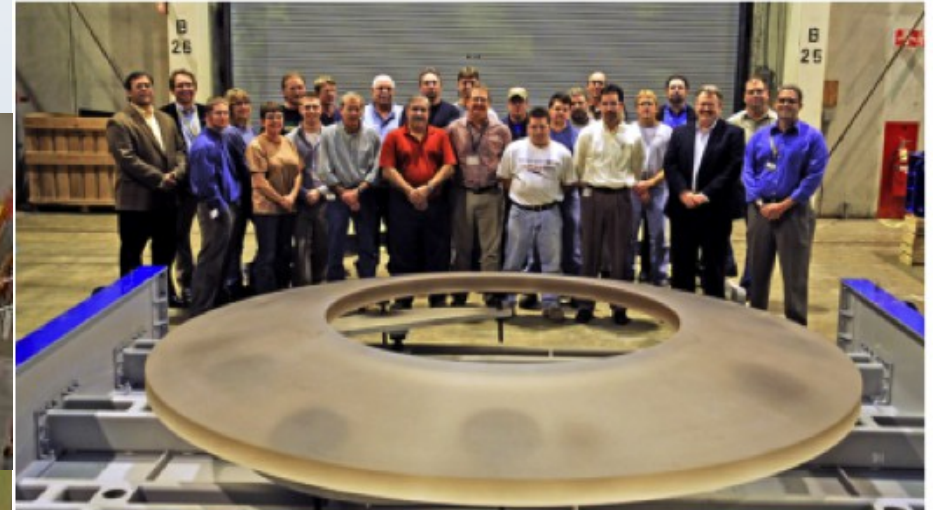
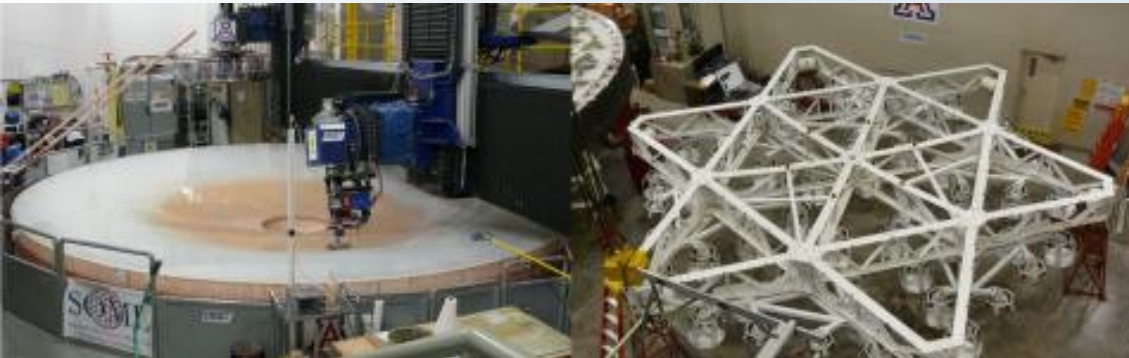


# Mirrors

M1 – M3 fabricated as a single monolith

M1 polished (23 nm)

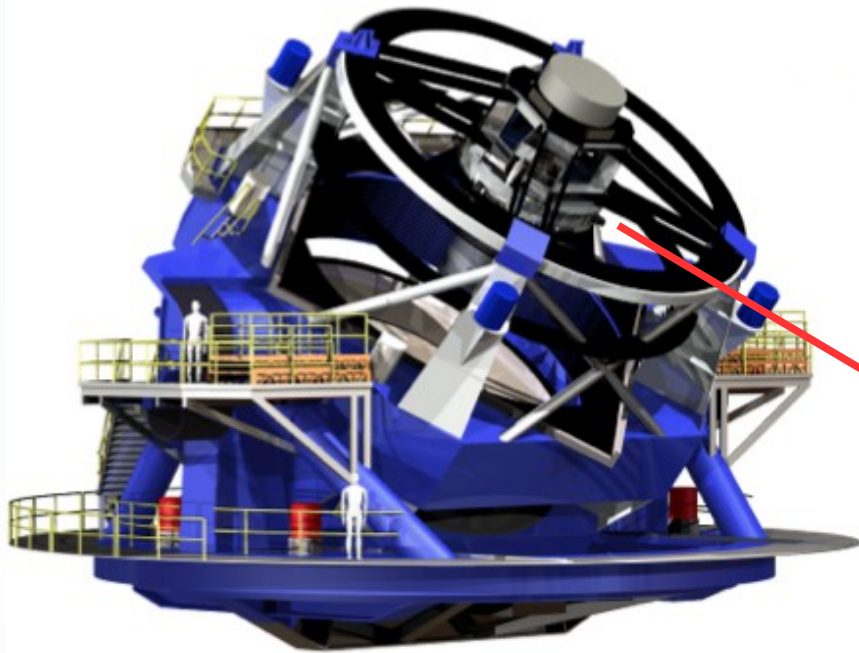
M3 polishing underway (40 nm  $\square$  20 nm)



Calypso telescope relocation



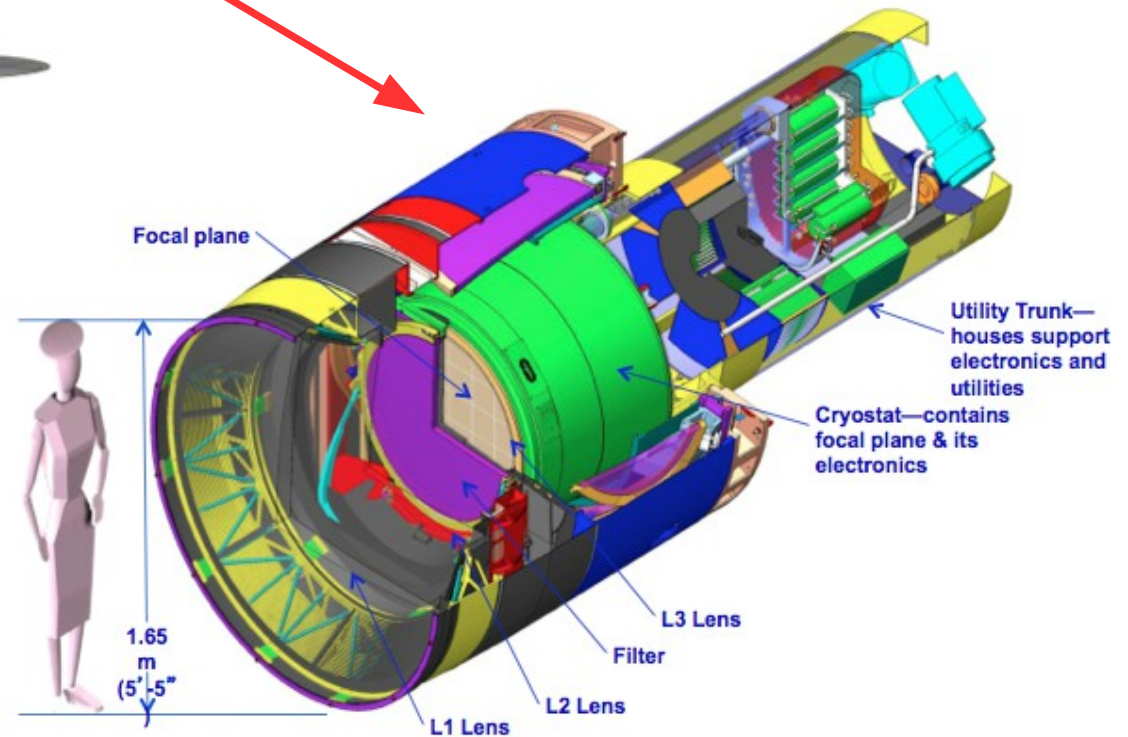
# The camera



- Camera is located in the telescope beam
- Constraints on
  - Enveloppe ( $\varnothing < 1.6\text{m}$ )
  - Mass (3t)
  - Heat dissipation
  - Lifetime (10 yr) and maintenance

**France/IN2P3** involved in

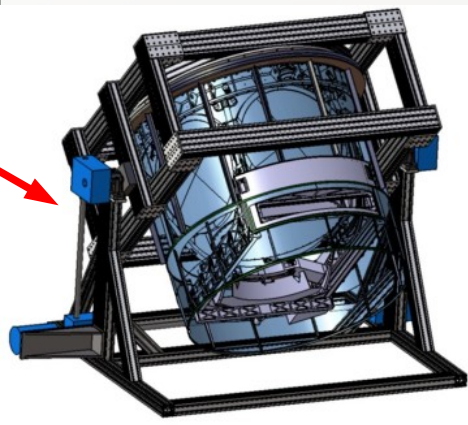
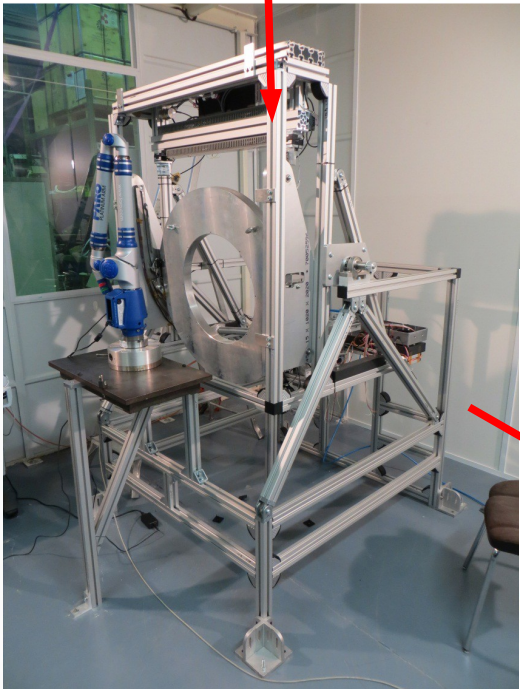
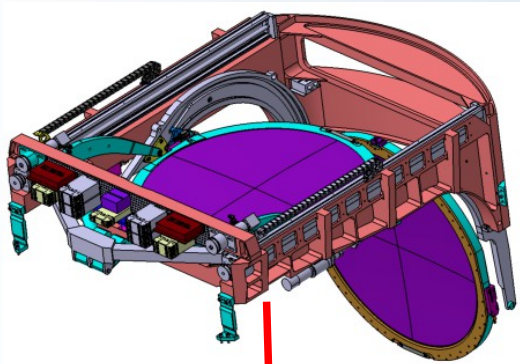
- Filter R&D
- Filter exchange system
- CCD qualification and readout
- Camera optical characterization





# Prototyping and construction

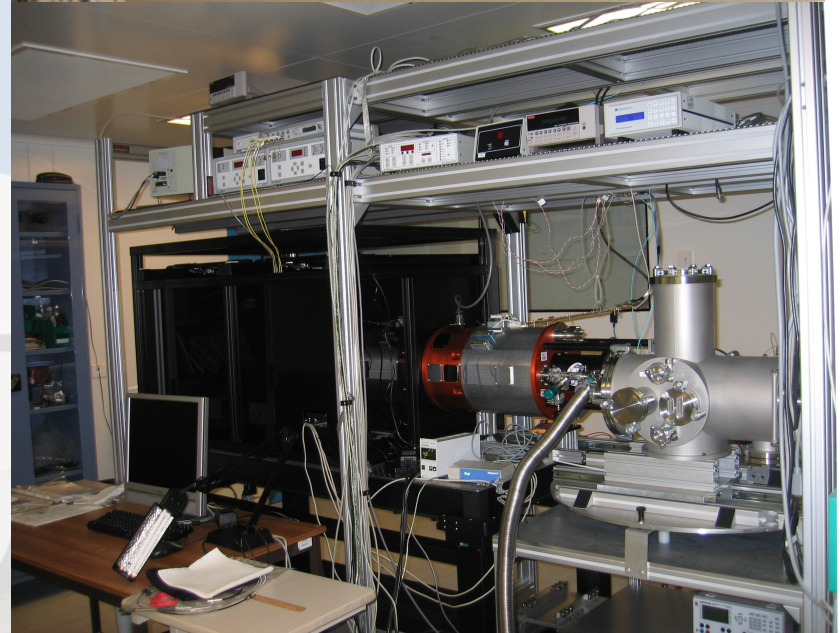
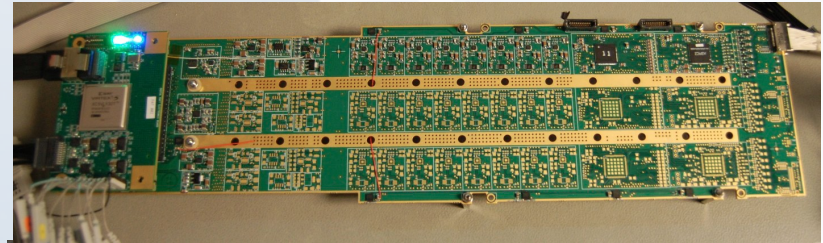
Filter exchange system :  
Towards a full-scale prototype



Multi-lab project :

- Clermont-Ferrand (LPC)
- Grenoble (LPSC)
- Marseille (CPPM)
- Montpellier (LUPM)
- Lyon (CC)
- Paris (APC, LPNHE)

CCD readout electronics

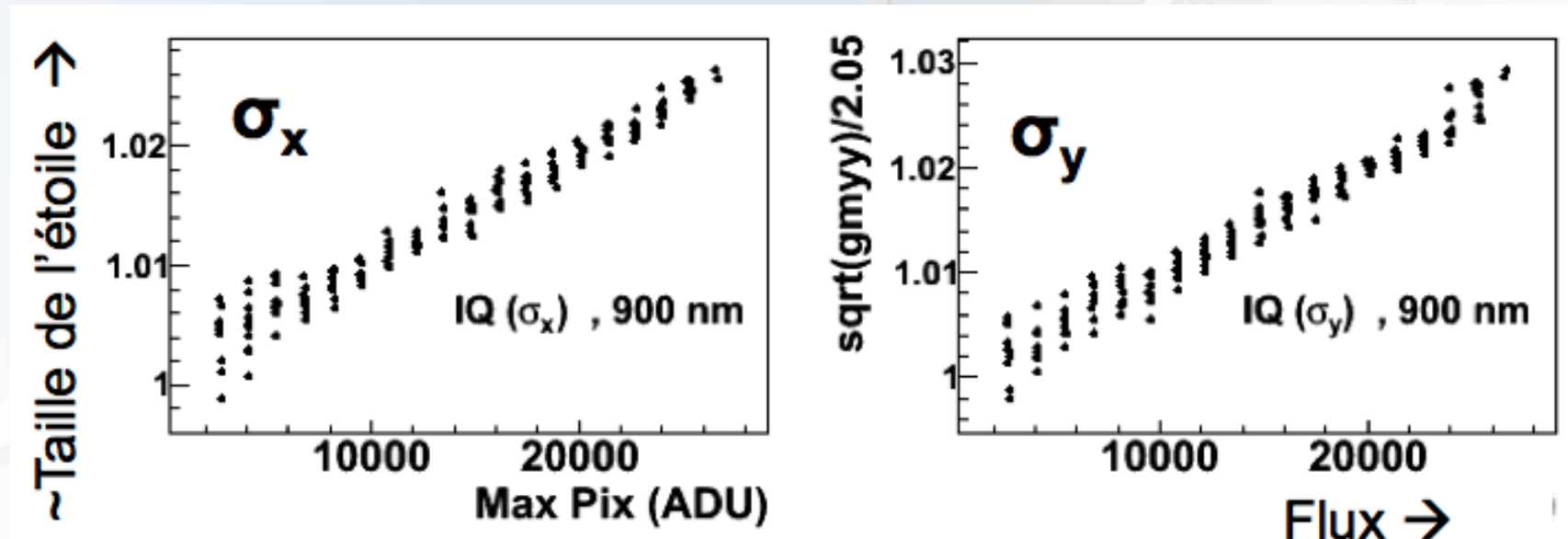


CCD qualification test bench



# CCD qualification

- Revealed a new effect : **brighter-fatter**



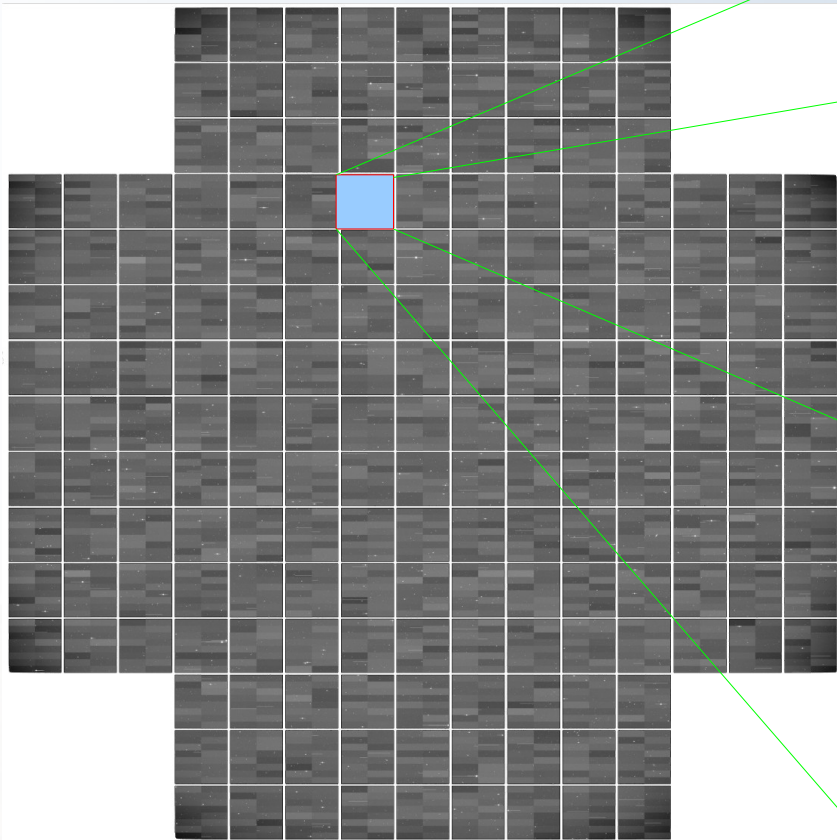
- **Confirmed by SNLS, SDSS, HSC**
- Serious impact for analysis (especially lensing)

# LSST data flow

Camera : 189 CCD (16 Mpix) read in parallel

- 3,2 G pixels !
- ~ 6 Gbyte / 17 seconds
- 15 TB / night

~ 1/1 000 000 000 des données LSST !



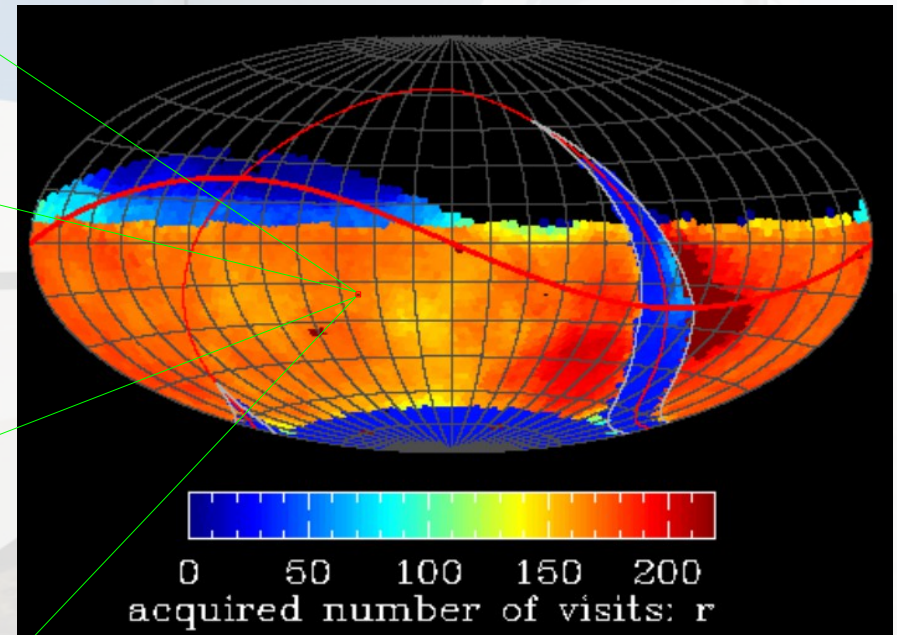
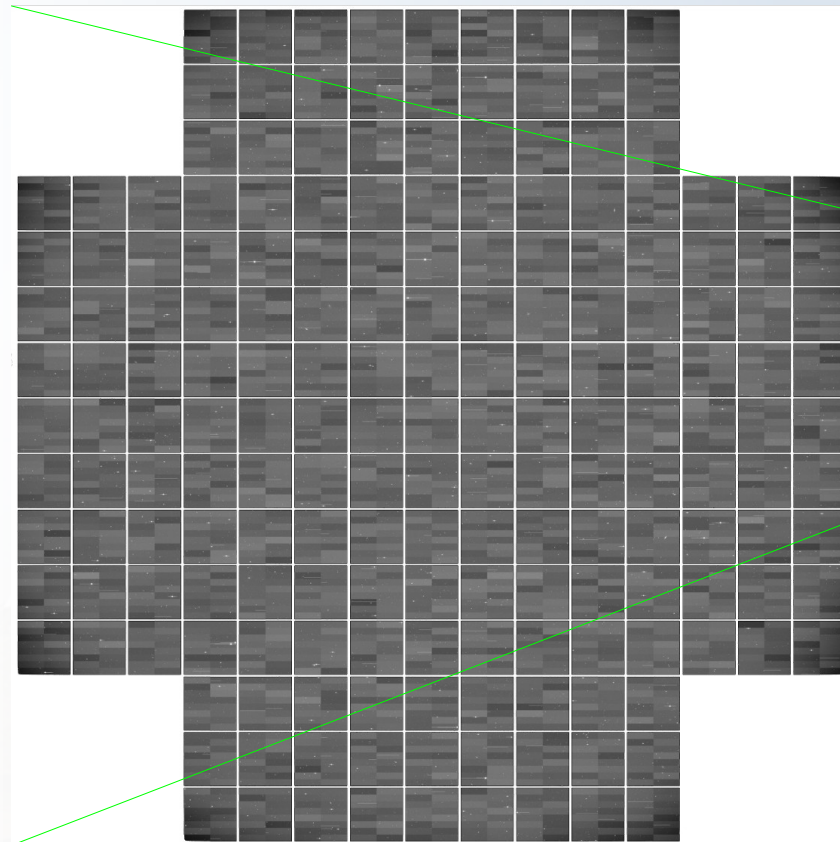


# LSST data flow

Camera : 198 CCD (16 Mpix) read in parallel

- 3,2 G pixels !
- ~ 6 Gbyte / 17 seconds
- 15 TB / night

During 10 years !



~ 800 visits per field

- opens the time domain

~ 500 PB at end of the project

**This is Big Data !**



# Data Management Sites and Centers



**French Site**  
**Processing Center**  
Data Release Production



**Archive Site**  
**Archive Center**  
Alert Production  
Data Release Production  
Calibration Products Production  
EPO Infrastructure  
Long-term Storage (copy 2)  
**Data Access Center**  
Data Access and User Services

**HQ Site**  
**HQ Facility**  
Observatory Management  
Science Operations  
Education and Public Outreach



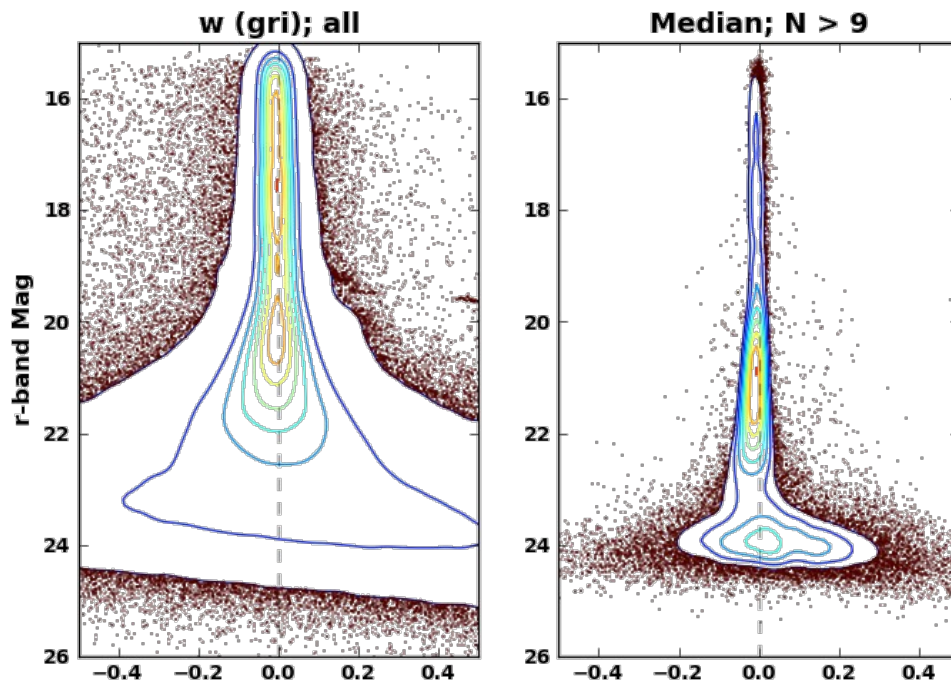
**Summit Site**  
**Summit Facility**  
Telescope and Camera  
Data Acquisition  
Crosstalk Correction



**Base Site**  
**Base Facility**  
Long-term storage (copy 1)  
**Data Access Center**  
Data Access and User Services



# LSST reduction pipeline already enables scientific analysis



Photometry from SDSS stripe 82 reprocessed with LSST software (split processing NCSA/CCIN2P3)



5<sup>□</sup> coadded image near M2  
Diffuse structures are preserved

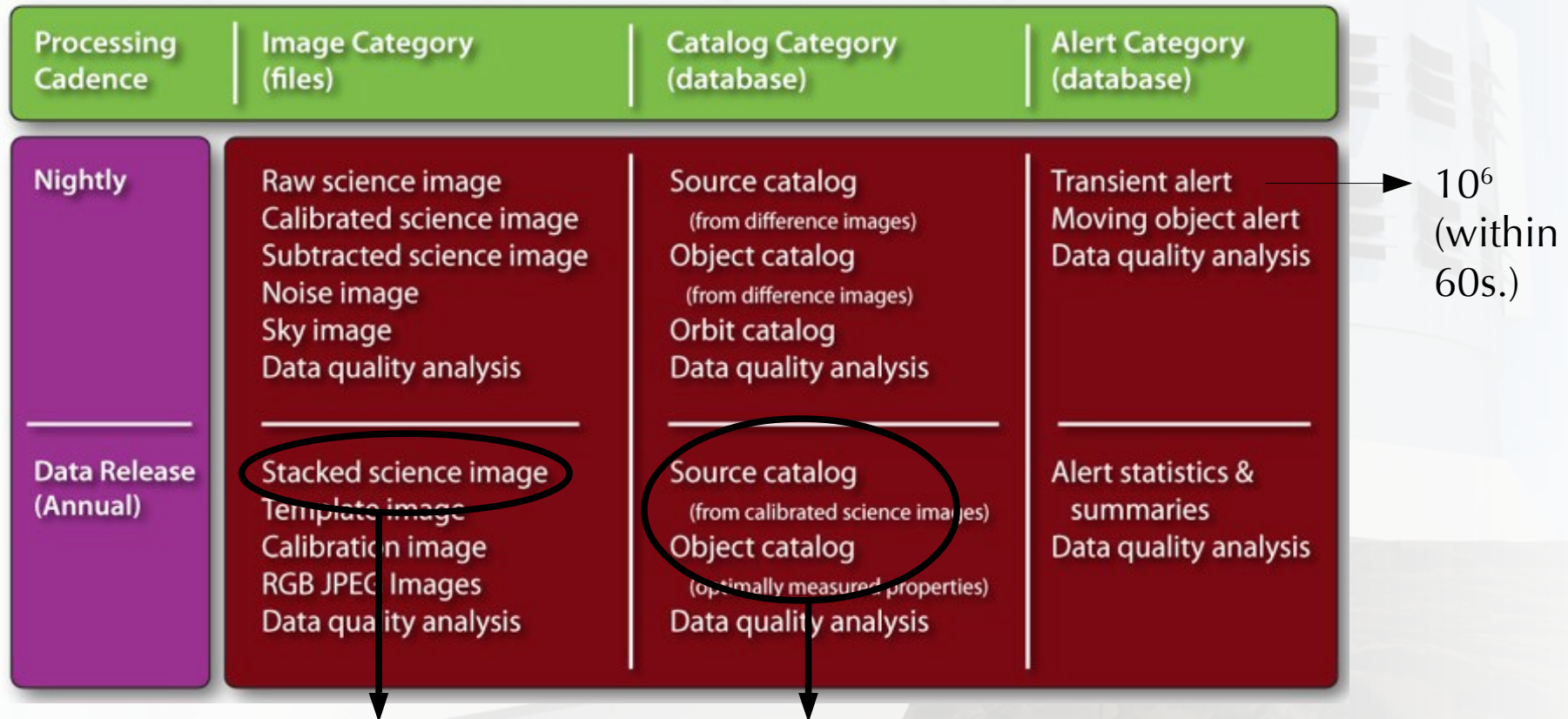
Ongoing (France) :  
reprocessing of CFHTLS data



# Data products:

## Application Layer -

Generates open, accessible data products with fully documented quality



Static: 80 TB image  
In 6 bands  
(all visible sky)  
Dynamic: 60 PB

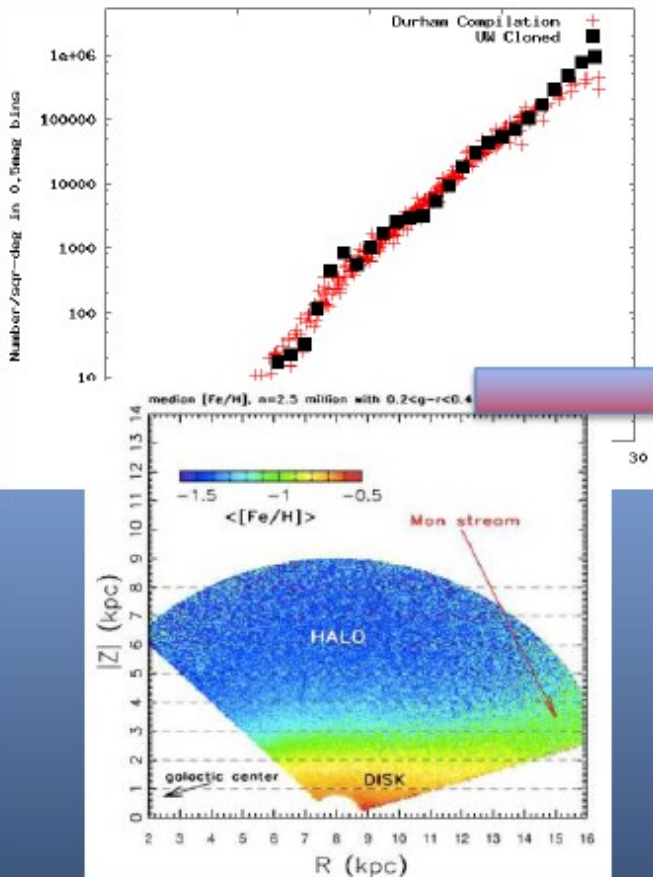
Relation 1-Many  
Object (40 10<sup>9</sup> x 500)  
Sources (5 10<sup>12</sup> x 120)  
Catalogs : 5 PB

France : test of distributed DB  
300 nodes, 15TB



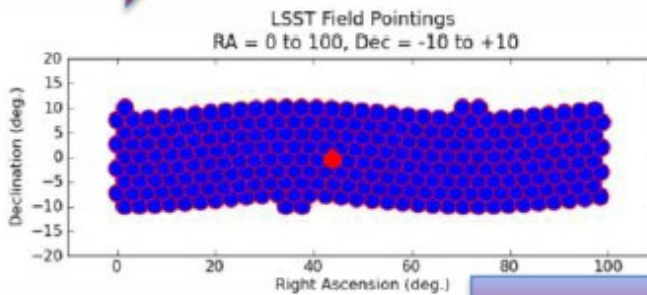
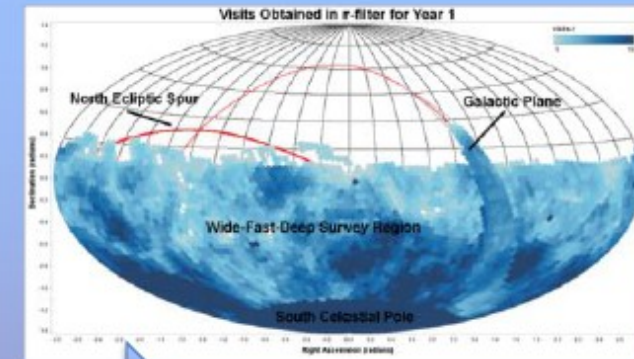
# System simulation and performance evaluation

## A simulated sky



Galaxies (de Lucia et al 2006)  
Stars (Juric et al 2008)  
Asteroids (Grav et al 2007)

## Observing an LSST simulation



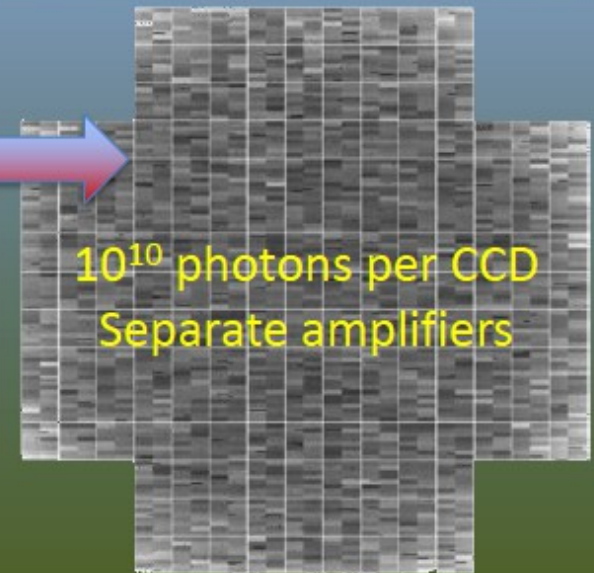
Pointing, Filter, Airmass,  
Time and Atmosphere from  
Op Sim

Custom instance of field of  
view

## Producing a simulated image

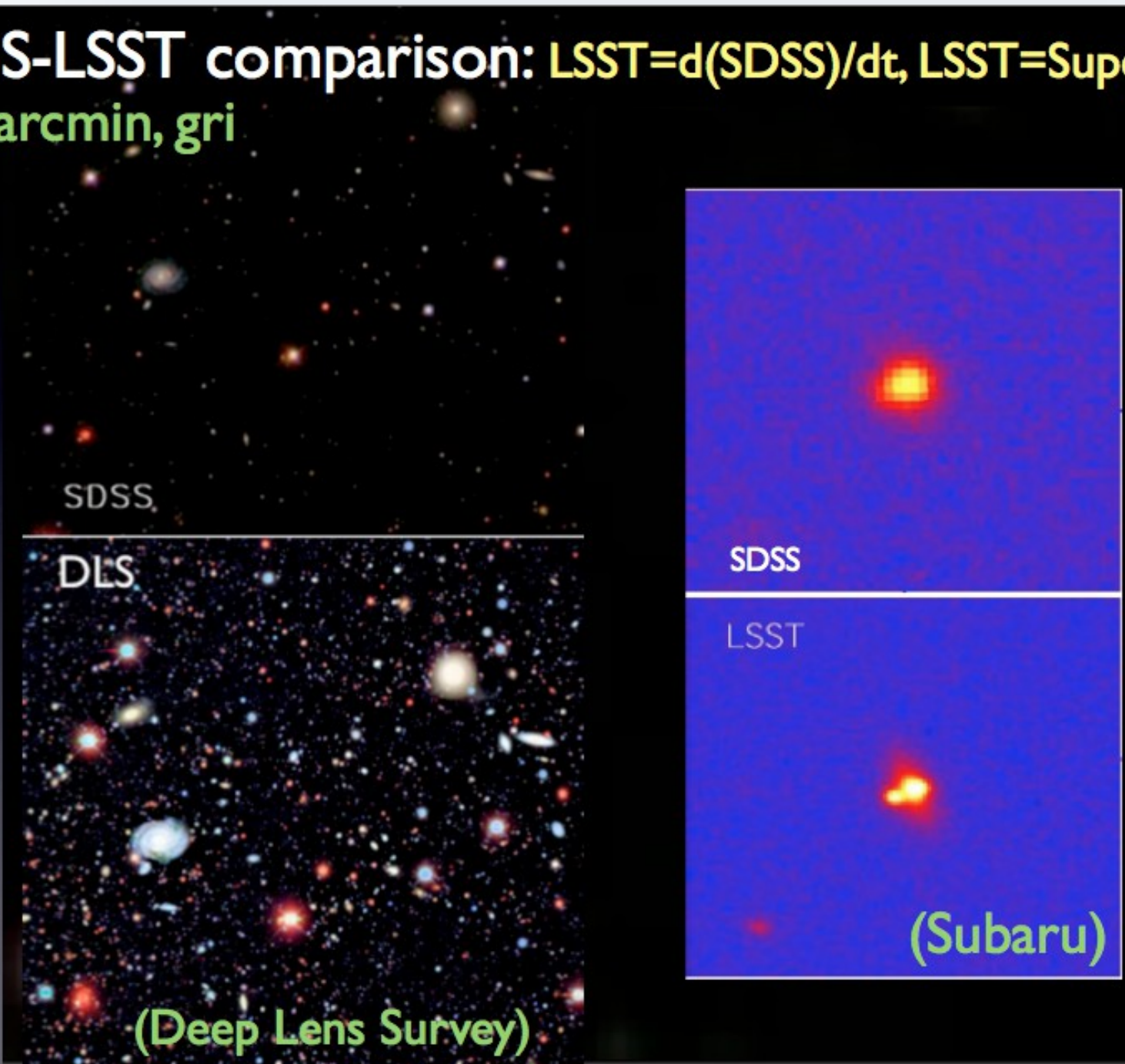


$10^{10}$  photons per CCD  
Separate amplifiers



# Which science will LSST address ?

**SDSS-LSST comparison:  $LSST = d(SDSS)/dt$ , LSST=SuperSDSS**  
**7x7 arcmin, gri**



**(Deep Lens Survey)**

Slide from Ivezic



# The LSST science book

- 4 major themes

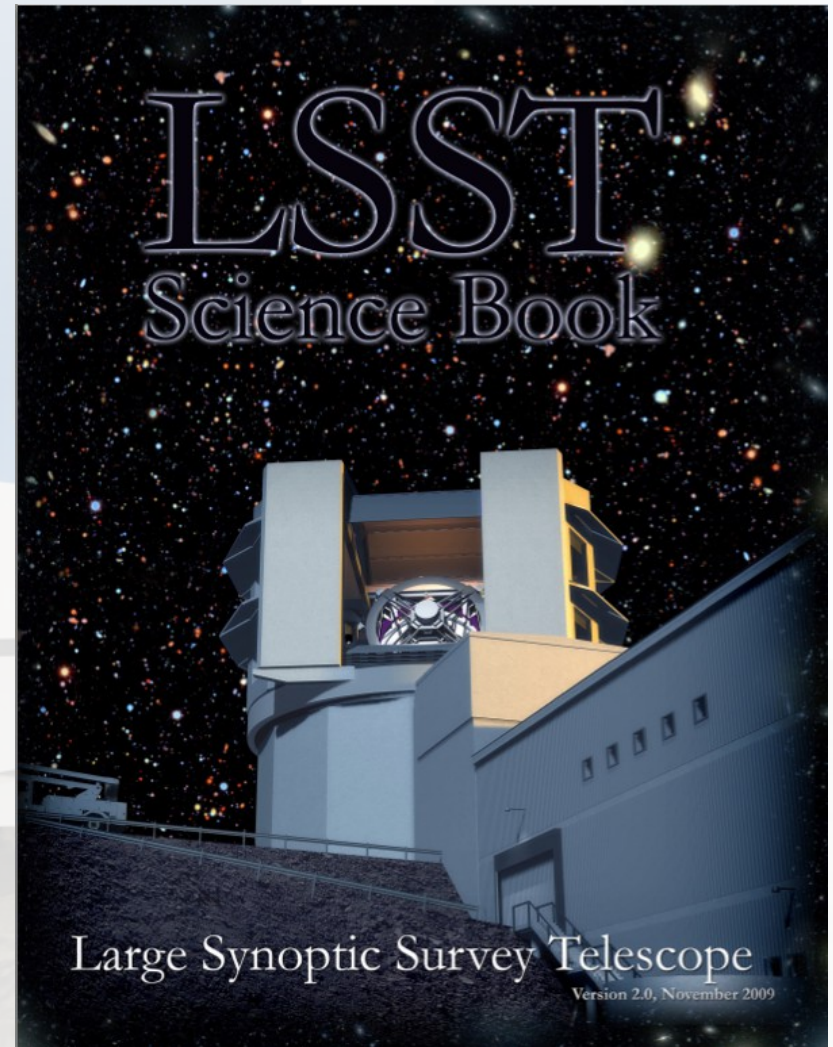
- Dark Energy, Dark matter
- Mapping Milky Way
- Transient optical sky
- Solar system

- 11 science collaborations

- Weak Lensing
- BAO
- Supernovae
- Strong lensing
- Galaxies
- AGN
- Milky way and the local volume structure
- Stellar populations
- Transient/variable stars
- Solar system
- Informatics and statistics



ArXiv 1211.0310



arXiv:0912.0201

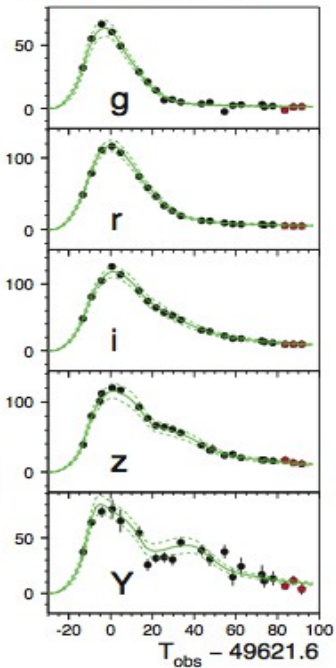


# SN in LSST

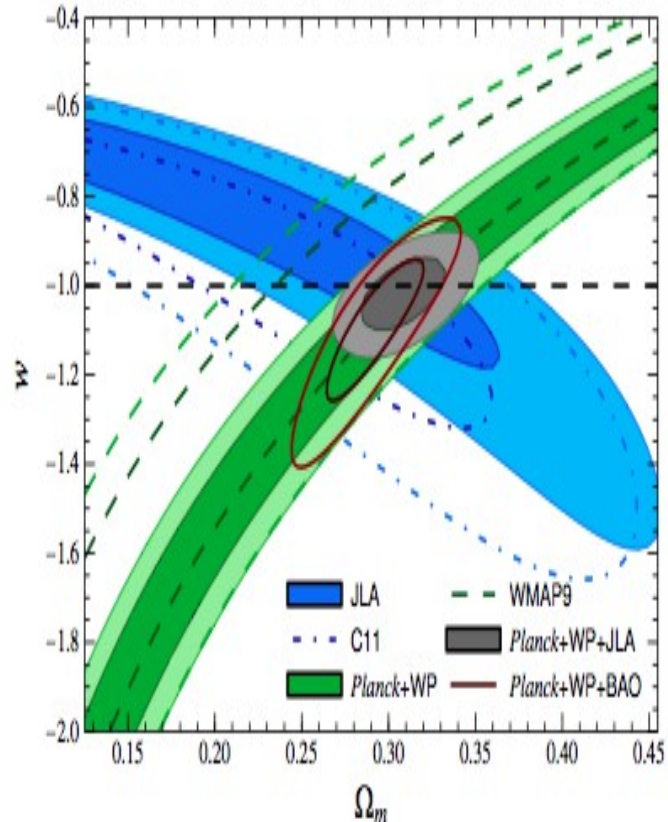
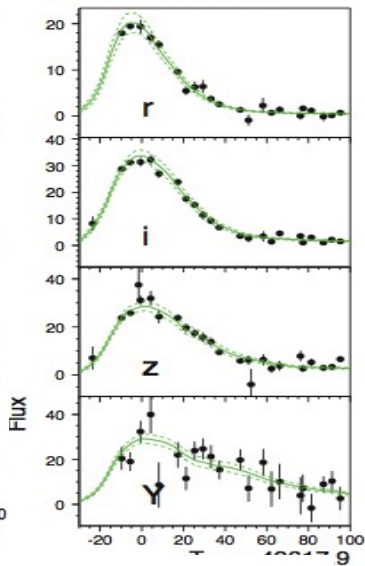
- *10 000 well sampled SN/year*
- **Systematics** dominated (short in IR)
- No *spectroscopy* (for now...)
- Redshift from external measurement

**Huge improvement** still !

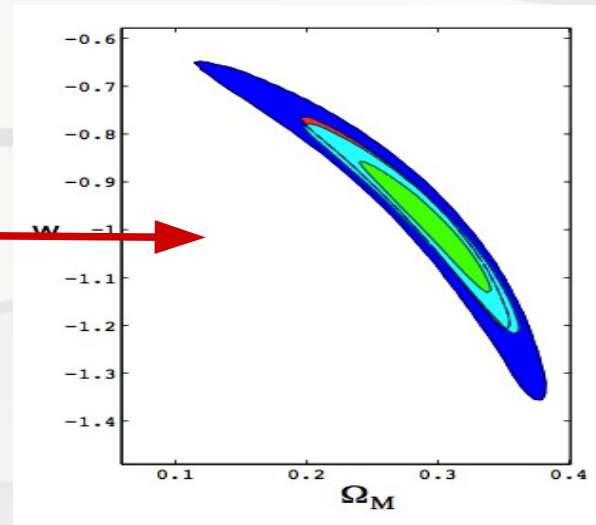
SN 40002  $z=0.3866$



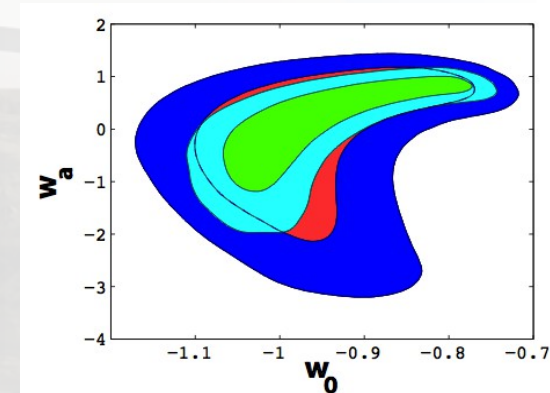
SN 40006  $z=0.8065$



Bétoule 2014



LSST 10 000 SN



LSST 50 000 SN

# A combined Euclid/LSST SN program :

A&A 572 80 (2014)

## Extending the supernova Hubble diagram to $z \sim 1.5$ with the Euclid space mission

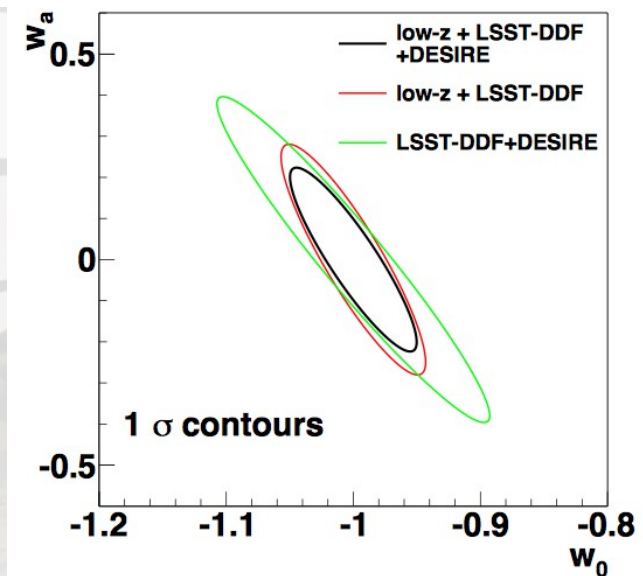
P. Astier<sup>1</sup>, C. Balland<sup>1</sup>, M. Brescia<sup>2</sup>, E. Cappellaro<sup>3</sup>, R. G. Carlberg<sup>4</sup>, S. Cavuoti<sup>5</sup>, M. Della Valle<sup>2,6</sup>, E. Gangler<sup>7</sup>, A. Goobar<sup>8</sup>, J. Guy<sup>1</sup>, D. Hardin<sup>1</sup>, I. M. Hook<sup>9,10</sup>, R. Kessler<sup>11,12</sup>, A. Kim<sup>13</sup>, E. Linder<sup>14</sup>, G. Longo<sup>5</sup>, K. Maguire<sup>9,15</sup>, F. Mannucci<sup>16</sup>, S. Mattila<sup>17</sup>, R. Nichol<sup>18</sup>, R. Pain<sup>1</sup>, N. Regnault<sup>1</sup>, S. Spiro<sup>9</sup>, M. Sullivan<sup>19</sup>, C. Tao<sup>20,21</sup>, M. Turatto<sup>3</sup>, X. F. Wang<sup>21</sup>, and W. M. Wood-Vasey<sup>22</sup>

### DESIRE survey :

2x 6-month seasons

45 visits / season

	$z_{min}$	$z_{max}$	area (deg <sup>2</sup> )	duration (months)	events
DESIRE	0.75	1.55	10	2x6	1740
LSST-DDF	0.15	0.95	50	4x6	8800
Low z	0.05	0.35	3000	6	8000

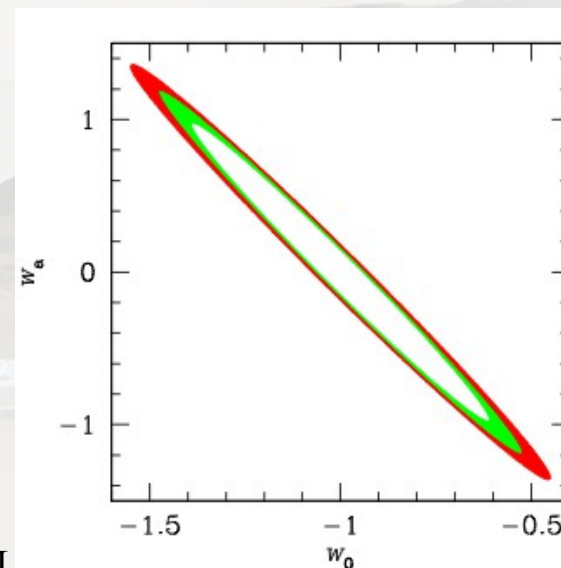
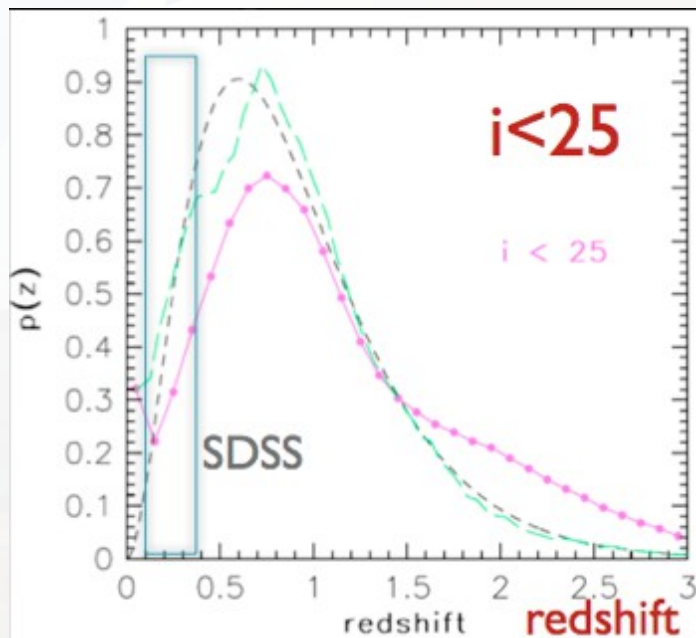
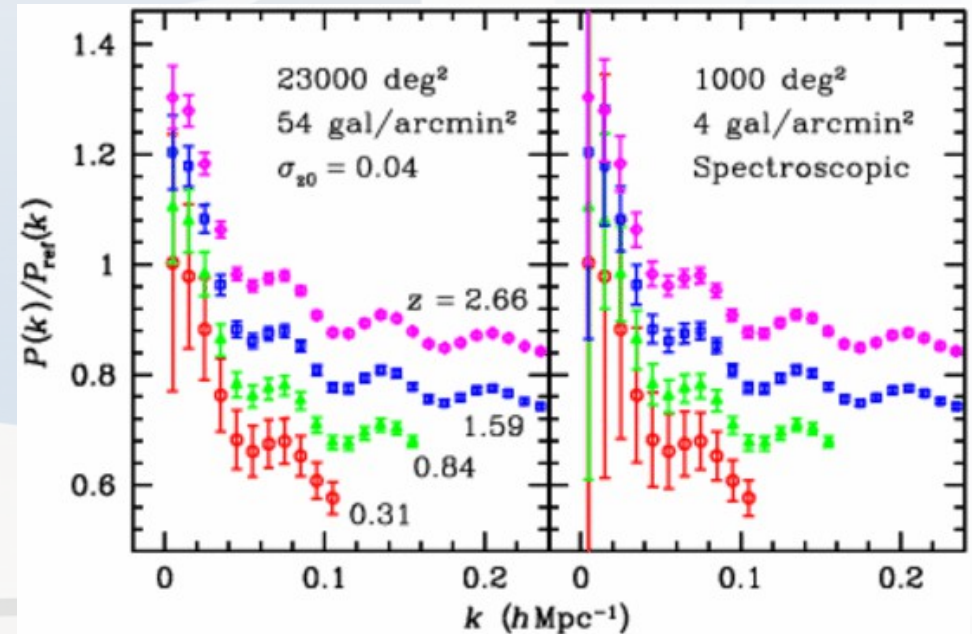




# LSST galaxy census :

- $10^{10}$  galaxies in  $20000^\circ$ 
  - $4 \times 10^9$  in gold sample ( $i < 25.3$ )
  - Up to  $z < 2.5$ 
    - Structure growth
    - Redshift tomography
    - Galaxy evolution
    - ...

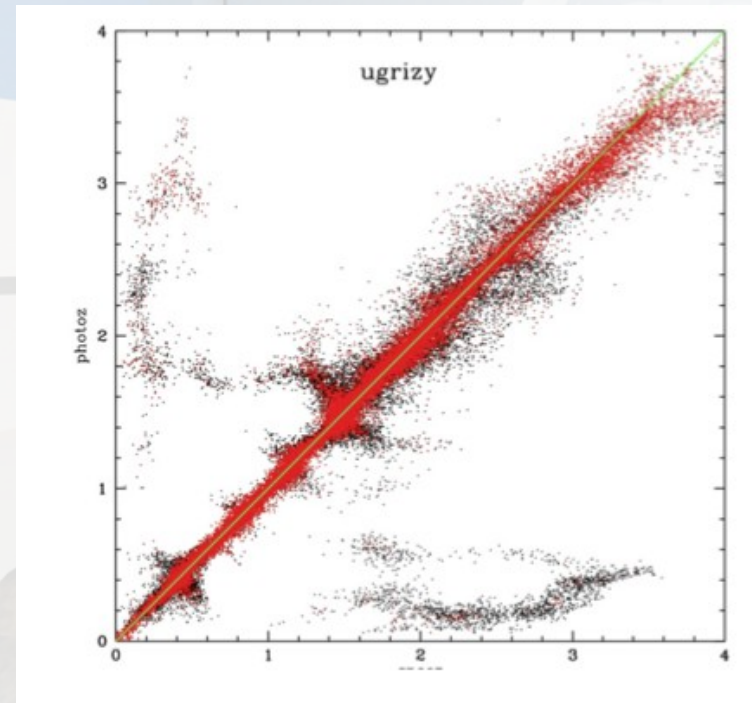
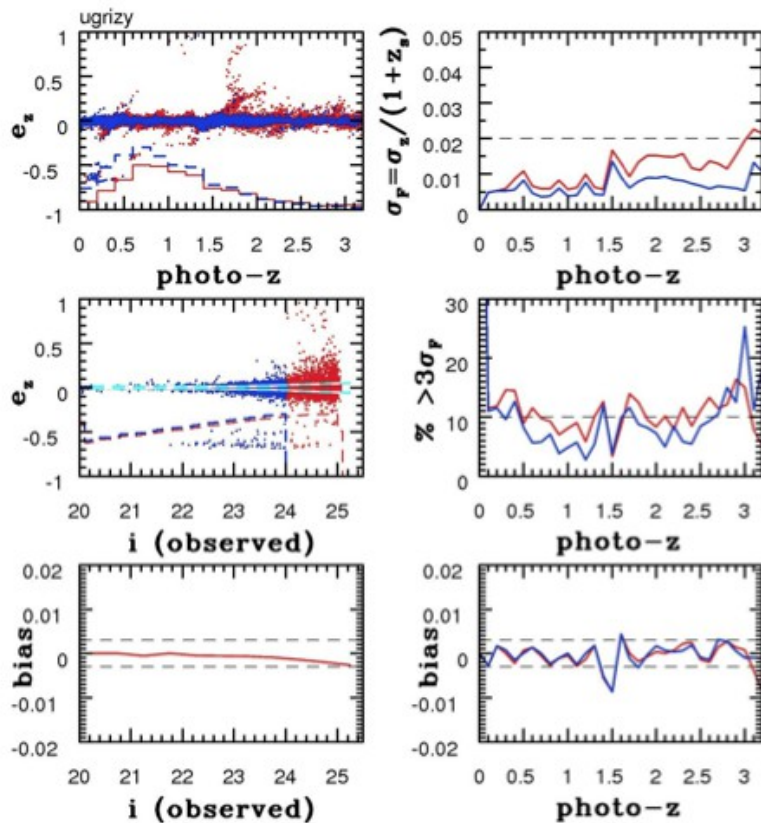
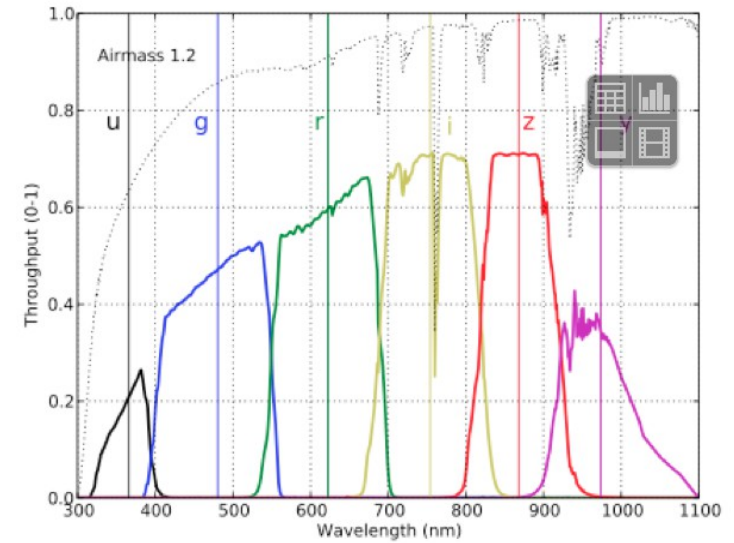
BAO



# Photo-z

## LSST requirements on $1+z$

- 0.02 random error
- $<0.003$  bias
- $<10\%$   $3\text{-}\sigma$  outliers
  - primary driver for LSST main survey

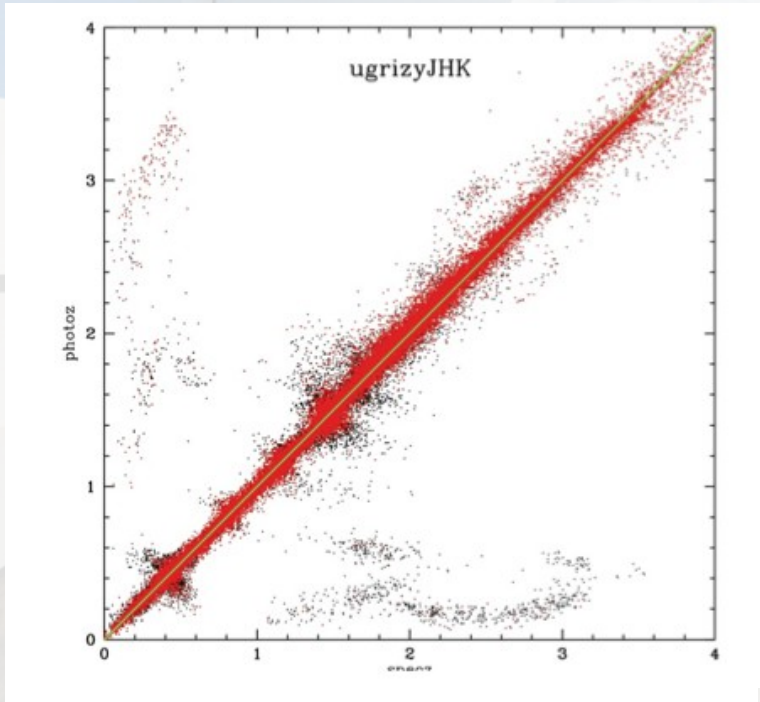
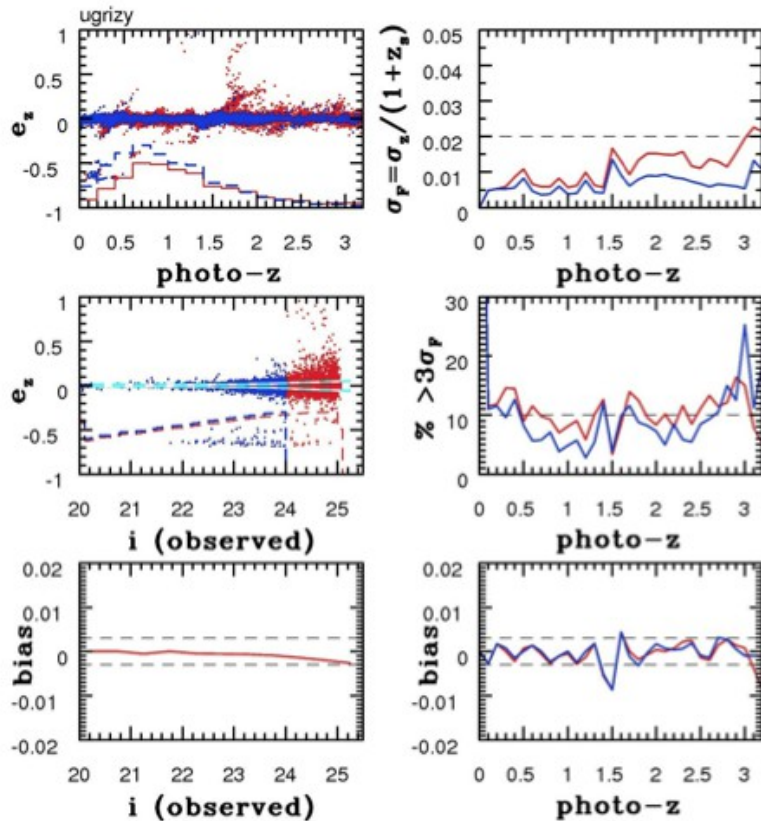
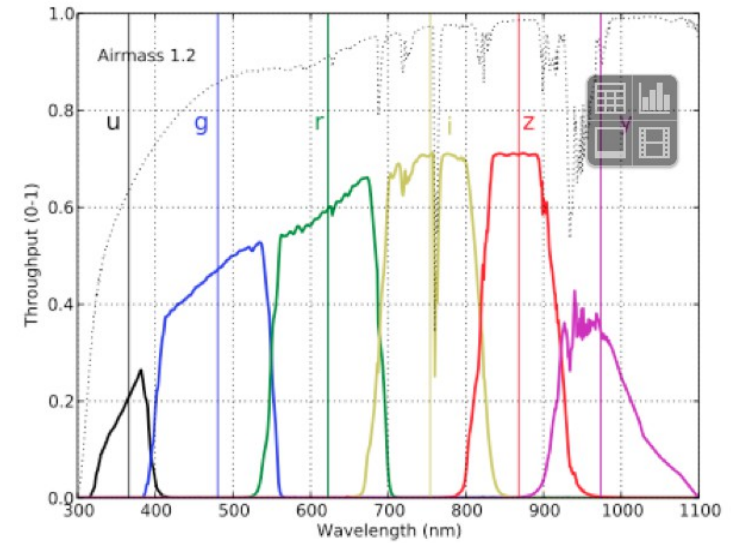




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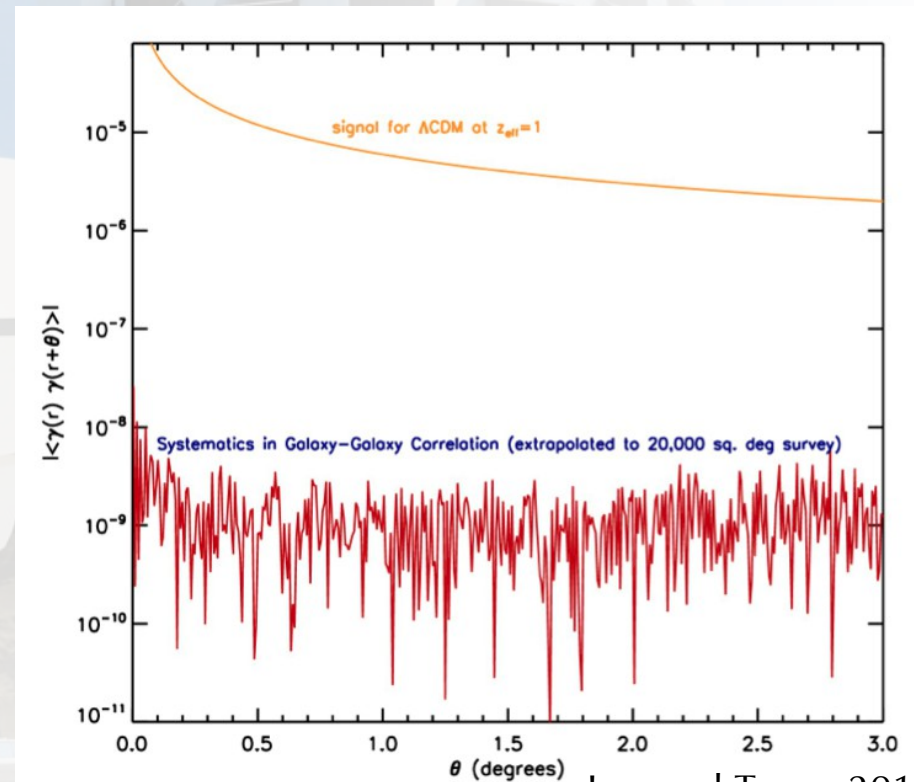
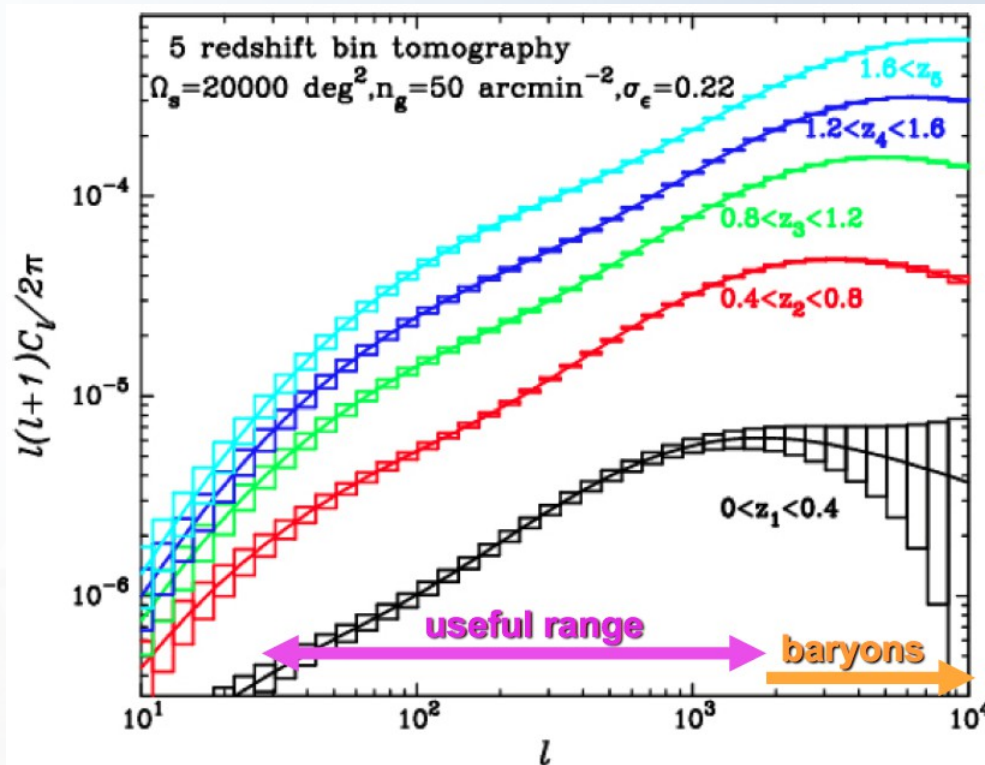


Dramatic improvement with IR

# Lensing with LSST

Lensing is sensitive to **all dark matter components**, including neutrinos  
10 redshift bins: 55 auto and cross-spectra

**~100 visits** will reduce the systematic shear correlations below the shot noise



Lee and Tyson 2011

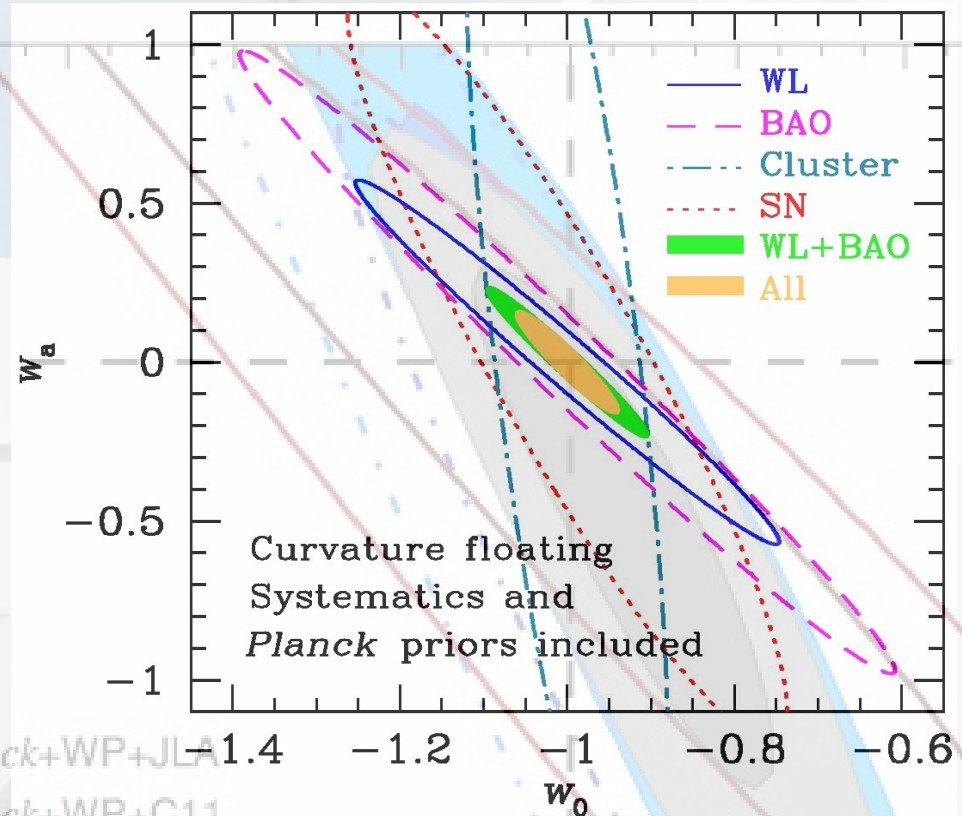
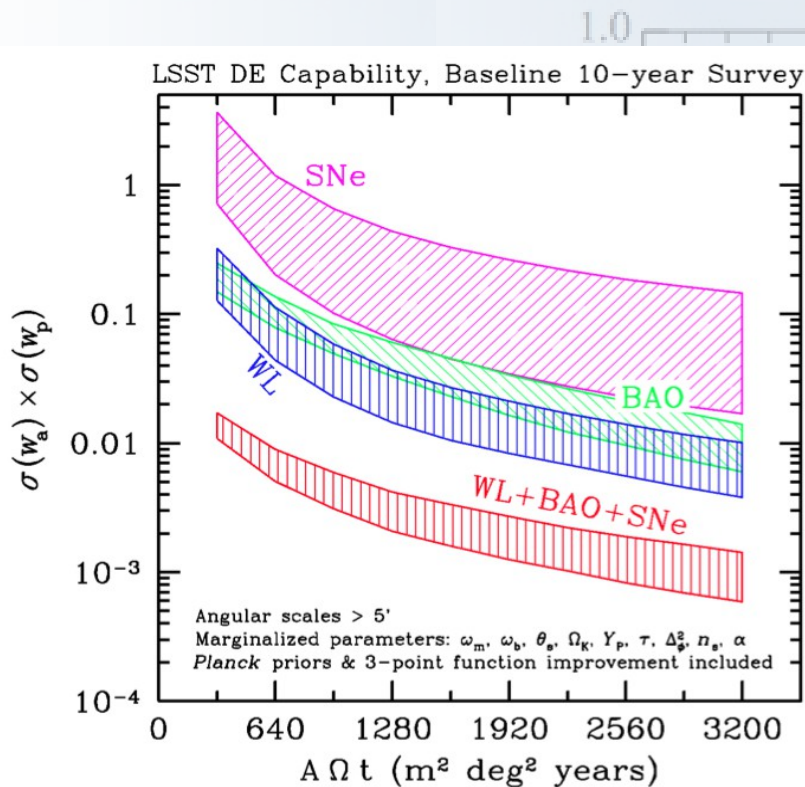
Expected to be **most precise** probe with LSST



# LSST Dark Energy constraints

## Multi-probe approach

- precise determination of equation of state.
- control of systematics



**Errors will be systematics dominated !**

# Conclusions

- **LSST will provide unprecedented data : Wide, Fast, Deep**
  - Multi-probe approach for Cosmology
  - ... and offers a LOT of scientific opportunities
- **France has a privileged access to LSST data**
  - Early construction member (IN2P3)
  - 50% of LSST processing
    - Adds ~30 French PI
- **Complementarity with Euclid**
  - ~5000<sup>□</sup> in common, different bands
    - Room for joint analysis (SN, Galaxies ...)

